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THE MORNING STAR.

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VOL. LXVIII.---NO. 36. WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, MAY 3, 1901. WHOLE NO. 10,516

The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

Three negroes, supposed to have been implicated in the murder of a sheriff's deputy, found dead near Selma, Ala. —— Precautions are being taken to prevent the spread of typhus fever from Mexico to this country. —— Reported that a German coaling station is to be established near the coast of Venezuela. —— A bloody battle between Russians and Chinese is said to have occurred in Manchuria. —— Wm. Rosenfield is believed to have drowned his four children and himself in the Mississippi river near St. Paul, Minn. —— Russia is negotiating a loan with bankers in London. —— President McKinley spent a day in New Orleans. —— Southern railway union machinists convention at Knoxville, closed its sessions. —— The question of opening the gates of the Buffalo exposition on Sunday is still unsettled. —— Total deaths from bubonic plague in Cape Colony number 217. —— New York markets: Money on call firm at 4@6 per cent, last loan being at 6 per cent.; cotton quiet, middling uplands 8 5-16c; flour fairly steady; wheat—spot strong, No. 2 red 83½c; corn—spot firm, No. 2, 56c; oats—spot firmer, No. 2, 32c; rosin dull; spirits turpentine dull at 36@37½c.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., May 2.

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 64 degrees; 8 P. M., 67 degrees; maximum, 80 degrees; minimum, 58 degrees; mean, 66 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .—; rainfall since first of the month to date, — inches.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Fair and warmer weather prevails in all districts. Maximum temperature of 90 and above are reported from most districts.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, May 2.—For North Carolina: Fair Friday and Saturday; warmer on the coast Friday; colder in northern portion Saturday; fresh southwesterly winds.

Port Almanac May 3.

Sun Rises	5.06 A. M.
Sun Sets	6.49 P. M.
Day's Length	13 H. 42 M.
High Water at Southport.	6 49 A. M.
High Water Wilmingotn	9.17 A. M

It is said that German chemists have concocted an indigo which gets away with the vegetable production and is giving the indigo planters in India the blues.

President McKinley is having a good time now, but he will pay for it on his return trip. Singing clubs in Kansas are practicing to assault him with songs.

With China's other troubles it is said there are 11,000,000 people in the province of Shansi who are threatened with starvation and are in need of immediate relief.

Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City and Omaha last year slaughtered 4,053,000 cattle and 4,798,000 sheep, including goats, which go into the slaughter pens goats and come out mutton.

"Ours is a business age," said Senator Beveridge in his Des Moines, Iowa, speech. True, and most Republican statesmen are in politics for business. Hon. Mark Hanna candidly admits that it is business with him.

The world is progressing with the march of "civilization." Its national debts increased since 1793 from something over $2,000,000,000 to $31,000,000,000, with the indications pointing to an increase rather than a decrease.

On reflection, Rev. Dr. Rainsford says he is sorry he said "d—d rot" in that speech. The only excuse he has is that he was d—d hot and didn't take time to think how the other d—d would sound coming from a D. D. preacher.

When they want to add to the altitude of a building in Chicago they don't pull off the roof and go to building on top, but just put some jackscrews under it, take a turn on them, lift it up and build a story or two under it,

Mr. Austin, chief of the U. S. Bureau of Statistics, says the population of the United States will be, at the end of this century, not less than 300,000,000, so there is a pretty good outlook for the farmer after all, for it will take a good deal of stuff to feed that crowd.

The hatpin is becoming a formidable adjunct of women's headgear. A few days ago a few young women in a Pennsylvania town put a gang of offensive tramps to flight by jabbing them with hatpins, which it seems are not only useful as hat holders, but also as tramp standoffs.

THE FEDERAL COURT.

Case of H. T. Allen, of Laurinburg, May Come Up Today for Trial.

INSTANTER SUMMONS ISSUED

Matters From Cumberland, Richmond and Scotland Now Only Remain On the Docket — Other Work of the Session Yesterday.

Few cases were tried in the United States Court yesterday, although practically an all day session was held, it having lasted until 4 o'clock in the afternoon, when a recess was taken until 9:30 o'clock this morning.

To-day cases from Cumberland, Richmond and Scotland counties will be taken up and upon their disposition, matters on the admiralty, civil and equity dockets, which are really the only important ones of the term, will be heard. It is expected that the work of the term can be finished this week.

The court yesterday met at 9:30 o'clock and the following proceedings were had:

Talmage Merritt, Bladen county, illicit distilling; plead not guilty; verdict not guilty.

Silas Norris, Bladen county, illicit distilling; nol prossed with leave.

Walter Perkins, Bladen county, illicit distilling; case ordered off docket.

J. G. Lewis, Bladen county, defaulting witness; alias capias to next term.

Wm. McKay, Harnett county, illicit distilling; plead not guilty; verdict guilty; 30 days imprisonment and $100 fine; notice waived by district attorney; Cumberland county jail.

Peter McDonald, Richmond county, plead guilty of retailing; 30 days in jail and fined $100 and costs.

H. T. Allen, Scotland county, fraudulent use of mails; order for subpoena ad testificandum for James W. Ham, a U. S. witness, instanter to Kinsey, Henry county, Ala.

True bills for retailing were found by the grand jury against Phoebe McNeill, Elijah Perry and Peter McDonald.

The Marshal summoned John A. Sutton as a tales juror for the day.

If the grand jury returns a true bill in the case of H. T. Allen, of Laurinburg, mentioned above, it will easily be the most interesting criminal proceeding of the term. The circumstance of Allen's arrest at the instance of Postoffice Inspector Jere Connolly for alleged fraudulent use of the mails is well remembered by readers of these columns. He sold various recipes and, it is alleged, carried on a mail order business that was very much akin to a green goods' scheme. Upon the other hand Allen's friends claim that he conducted a perfectly legitimate business, from which the returns were small and he can easily establish his innocence at the trial.

The witnesses in the case, many of whom are here, are as follows: Inspector Connolly, Washington, D. C.; W. H. Cooper, Laurinburg, N. C.; Ira S. Cleary, Columbus, Ga.; James M. Ham, Kinsey, Ala.; J. T. McEachin, Laurinburg, N. C.; L. H. Petty, Parson, Tenn.; W. H. Pope, Augusta, Ga.; W. W. Cocke, Blackton, Ala.; H. J. Chamwell, Brookwood, Ala.; Geo. E. Sutton, Pough keepsie, N. Y; Wm. S. Booth, Rochester, N. Y.; J. H. Gregory, Morris Plains, N. Y.; R. W. Caveniss, Southern Pines, N. C.; P. D. Matthews, Teacheys, N. C.

Prisoners from Fayetteville.

Deputy Marshal H. B. Everett arrived in the city last evening from Fayetteville, bringing with him eight prisoners, who have been confined in the Cumberland county jail. They are J. D. Jones, Elijah Perry, Thos Sikes and H. F. Thomas, all white, and Howard McKay, Chas. Simmons, Jno. Kenough and Handy McNeill, colored. All of them are charged with retailing without license except Jones and Howard, who are charged with breaking into the cistern house of a U. S. whiskey distillery in violation of the internal revenue law.

They were not allowed to be brought to Wilmington earlier in the week because of the recent outbreak of smallpox in the jail at Fayetteville. Last night Deputy Marshal Everett brought with him a certificate from County Physician J. Vance McGougan, of Cumberland, stating that only three of the men had been exposed to the smallpox but that all had been subject to an isolation of seventeen days. The letter was endorsed by Dr. W. D. McMillan, New Hanover's Superintendent of Health, and the prisoners were promptly admitted into the jail here.

Fifth Street Revival Closed.

The very interesting and profitable series of revival services that have been in progress at Fifth Street M. E. Church since last Sunday week came to a close last night with another forcible sermon by the Rev. D. H. Tuttle, of Kinston, who has been assisting the pastor with the meetings during a greater portion of the time. The church auditorium was filled with people, and at the close of the sermon there were about forty requests for prayer and more than half the number made public confessions of faith. Rev. Mr. Tuttle will likely leave this morning, returning home.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Legal—Election notice.

Wilmington Savings and Trust Co. —You are invited.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Milch Cows—For sale.

LOCAL DOTS.

— Chief of Police Woodall and Judge Green, of Durham, are here as witnesses in a case before the Federal Court.

— There was no quorum at the regular monthly meeting of the Chamber of Commerce yesterday afternoon.

— Truckers say that the present dry weather although very desirable in point of temperature, is damaging to the strawberry crop. A warm rain is needed.

— Additional office room at the rear of the store of Messrs. George R. French & Son on Front steet, is being provided in the building of a brick addition to the store.

— The Confederate Museum will be open from 5 to 6 o'clock this afternoon. Ladies will be present to receive any additional relics or to show visitors through the rooms.

— About one hundred negroes left yesterday morning to pick strawberries up the Wilmington & Weldon railroad. One of the squads, in charge of Capt. Bob Everett, numbered 75.

— Attention is directed to the advertisement of Mr. F. T. Mills, the well known horse dealer on Princess street. He has a line of fine buggies, road carts and harness that are offered at cost until June 1st.

— Wilmington Lodge of Odd Fellows last night received about twenty five applications for membership under the recent dispensation, which will be closed after the Grand Lodge meeting in Asheville, May 14th.

— Grace Browm, Sam Wright, Kirt Chavis and Jessie Wall, Federal Court prisoners for trial at the present term upon the charge of "retailing" were brought down yesterday from Rockingham and lodged in New Hanover jail.

— Wilmington golfers are looking forward with much pleasure to the mixed foursome finals to be played on the Hilton links to-mor-row afternoon. The contestants will be Mr. and Mrs. T. M. Emerson and Mr. A. S. Williams and Miss Randolph.

— The "Little Giants" and "Walnut Streeters" tried conclusions on the base ball field again yesterday at Eleventh and Red Cross streets and the last named aggregation came off the victors in a score of 10 to 5. The batteries were Moore and Wood; Rosenman and James.

CITY REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

A Number of Sales of Wilmington Property Were Recorded Yesterday.

Deeds for the transfer of city real estate were filed for record at the Court House yesterday as follows:

Ann E. Bowden to Louise S. Bappler, dwelling and lot 34x95 feet on Fourth between Chesnut and Grace; consideration, $700.

Sallie C. R. Lamb, of Norfolk, widow of the late Robert W. Lamb, of Wilmington, to Eduard Ahrens, store and lot on south side of Market, 50 feet east of Front and Market streets, 16x122 feet in size and running back to Bettencourt's alley; consideration, $4,600.

Jno. J. Fowler, commissioner, to J. H. Beery, for $2,750, the residence and lot, with right of way from Second street, lot 66x165 feet on the east side of Front, 132 feet from the northeast intersection of Church and Front streets.

Jno. Barry and wife to W. F. Alexander for $550, the irregular lot on south side of Chesnut, 140 feet east from the southeast intersection of Ninth and Chesnut streets.

I. Shrier and wife to C. W. Yates for $1,350, the house and lot on the east side of Fourth street, 176 feet south from the southeast intersection Fourth and Chesnut streets; the lot being 44x305 feet in size.

N. C. SOCIETY OF COLONIAL DAMES.

Annual Meeting Yesterday Morning, at Which Officers Were Elected.

At its annual meeting in the Masonic Temple yesterday morning the North Carolina Society of Colonial Dames elected officers for the ensuing year as follow: President, Mrs. Gaston Meares; first vice president, Mrs. Wm. Calder; second vice president, Mrs. Thos. Settle, of Asheville; historian, Mrs. Emma Moffit; registrar, Miss Caroline Meares; treasurer, Mrs. N. N. Davis; corresponding secretary, Mrs. James Sprunt; recording secretary, Mrs. M. F. H. Gouverneur.

The reports of all the officers showed the affairs of the society in a most flourishing condition and the attendance upon the annual session was most gratifying. A neat sum was realized from the excursion to Old Brunswick on the day before.

Changes at Gerken's.

Mr. W. R. Morrison, who has been with Mr. H. J. Gerken at his cigar emporium for the past several months, has taken the position of State travelling salesman for the National Cash Register Company and will leave about May 10th for Atlanta to arrange for beginning the work. Mr. W. Reid French has succeeded Mr. Morrison at Gerken's.

Leads in Public School Work.

Referring to a recent paragraph in the STAR giving the length of the county public school terms here, the Raleigh *News and Observer* of yesterday says "New Hanover leads the State in the length of its public school term and is doing its duty by its children."

LOST TO NORFOLK.

The Giants Made a Magnificent Showing Against Skippers, But Were Defeated.

GAME WENT IN THE NINTH.

At the Right Time Wilmington Was Unable to Hold Down Opposing Team's Runs—Vorhees All Right Wednesday—League Notes.

YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

Wilmington, 8; Norfolk, 9.
Raleigh, 8; Richmond, 11.
Newport, 5; Portsmouth, 4.

WHERE THEY PLAY TO-DAY.

Wilmington at Norfolk.
Newport News at Portsmouth.
Raleigh at Richmond.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost	Per cent.
Norfolk	10	3	.769
Newport News	8	6	.571
Raleigh	8	7	.533
Wilmington	7	8	.467
Richmond	5	9	.357
Portsmouth	5	10	.333

Wilmington has met Norfolk on the base ball field and the game is Norfolk's—the Skippers got the game in the ninth inning by piling up three runs after the Giants had a lead pipe cinch on it by a score of 8 to 6, but Norfolk got the winning run in the ninth inning and made the score 9 to 8. The game was won on its merits and the Giants and their sympathizers have every reason to feel gratified at the remarkable fine showing made against what is now conceded to be the best team in the League.

How the game was lost to Wilmington is told in the following detailed story:

In the first inning, for Wilmington Cranston fanned and Crockett and Mc Ginnis flew out to right and third base. Spratt walked for Norfolk and "Red" Gilligan was allowed to run for him. Smith sacrificed and Mullen went out to pitch; E. Gilligan hit past second, scoring Spratt and Smith; "Red" Gilligan hit to third and on bad throw got first; Nelson, Morrisey and Mc Dade then went up and in quick succession succeeded in scoring two other men.

In the second Stafford flew out to third; Thackara hit safe to short; Osteen fanned and Warren hit to short forcing out Thackara. Wolf walked for Norfolk; Spratt singled to centre but was caught napping at first; Smith walked and got third on wild pitch; Mullen hit to second, scoring Smith and, E. Gilligan flew out to centre.

In the third Clayton hit to centre for three bags; Foreman lined to second; Cranston hit to right, scoring Clayton; Cranston stole second and was scored by three bagger of Crockett to right; McGinnis singled to centre, scoring Crockett; Stafford lined to second and a double play retired the side. Gilligan, R., went out from short; Nelson was hit and walked; Morrisey hit safe to short; McDade grounded to third forcing Nelson, and Wolf flew out to second.

In the fourth "Thack" fanned; Osteen flew out to short; Warren hit to third, safe on error; Clayton went out to short; Spratt went out to second; Smith walked; Mullen forced Smith at second, but on wild throw to first Mullen got third; Gilligan E., went out at first.

In the fifth, Foreman fanned Cranston and Crockett flew out to second and short. "Red" Gilligan for Norfolk hit to centre for three bags; Nelson went out from second; Morrisey went to short for two bags, but "Reddy" was thrown out at home home plate; McDade singled to centre, scoring Murray; Thackara threw out McDade at second.

In the sixth, McGinnis went out from short; Stafford walked; Osteen singled to left Thackara fanned; Warren flew out to centre. For Norfolk Wolfe and Smith fanned; Spratt was thrown out from third.

In the seventh, Clayton, Foreman and Cranston went out from centre and short. For Norfolk Mullen singled to second; Gilligan E., fanned; Mullen was caught between first and second; Gilligan R., out to centre.

In the eighth, Crockett singled to left; McGinnis was caught out on fowl; Stafford hit to left for three bags, scoring Crockett; Thackara bunts out to first, scoring Stafford; Osteen was thrown out from short. For Norfolk Morrisey and Wolfe fanned; Nelson singled to centre and stole second; McDade flew out to centre.

In the ninth, Warren hit to second and on an error got first; Clayton hit to right and Warren got third; Foreman went out from short; Cranston flew out to left, scoring Warren; Crockett hit to centre, scoring Clayton; McGinnis hit to centre and on error, Crockett scored; Stafford hit for two bags, scoring McGinnis, who called out for not "tagging" third. For Norfolk, Spratt hit to right for two bags; Smith flew to left, who muffed and Spratt got third; Mullen hit to right for two bags, scoring Smith and Spratt; E. Gilligan flew out to short and Mullen took third and scored on "Red" Gilligan's hit to short, concluding the game, with only one man out.

From the above, it is seen that under ordinary circumstances Wilmington has just as good a team as Norfolk and will yet take games from the Skippers during the coming season. Fate was against us yesterday, but it is just as liable to be for as against us in succeeding games.

SCORE BY INNINGS.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
Norfolk	4	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	9	12	4
Wilmington	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	2	3	8	10	3

Batteries—Morrissey and Nelson; Foreman and Thackara.

Some General Ball Observations.

When the Wilmington fanatics began to digest the returns from Newport News in the last game there Wednesday, there was an under current of feeling that Vorhees pitched magnificent ball and the loss of the game was attributed to other sources. His record from the tabulated score was good and there appears to be every reason in the world that some other pitcher in the same game would not have done so well and might have done worse. At any rate, from a base ball point of view, Vorhees is forgiven and good things are expected of him in the future.

Wilmington is anxious to see Norfolk on the home grounds. It will be a contest royal, with the odds in favor of Wilmington.

The game in detail will be received by Messrs. White and Keen again today at the office of Murphy & Co., and a large crowd should be present. The admission is only twenty-five cents, and there is every reason to believe that the Giants will win to-day. For that reason it behooves every true sport to be in the office and see exactly how it is done. The returns will not be 'phoned to be posted at any place in town.

Wilmington goes to fourth place in the League, but has a comfortable lead over Portsmouth and Richmond. Pretty soon she will have a safe position above Newport News and Raleigh.

"Mack, why didn't you tag that base in the ninth yesterday?" Was the umpire rank?

Games on Other Diamonds.

At Richmond—

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Richmond	4	0	0	0	3	1	0	x	—11
Raleigh	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	2	1— 8

Batteries—Bishop and Gans; Weeks and LeGrande.

At Portsmouth—

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	RHE
Portsmouth	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	—4	7 5
Newport News	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	—5	6 2

Batteries—Martin and Westlake; Slagle and Ashenback.

WAR OF THE ROSES.

Delightful Entertainment Last Evening for Benefit of Grace Church Organ Fund—Elaborate Programme.

"A War of the Roses," a charming little entertainment under the skilful direction of Mrs. W. H. Shaw, was most delightfully given last night at the residence of Mrs. Mary E. Grafflin, corner of Third and Walnut streets, for the benefit of the organ fund of Grace M. E. Church. There was a large crowd present, who enjoyed to the fullest extent every number on the following very elaborate programme:

WHITE ROSES.

Duet—"Simple Avon," (Thorne), Miss Otten and Miss Alice Smallbones.

Vocal Solo—"A May Morning," (Denza), Mrs. W. L. Latta.

Piano Solo—"Serenata," (Moskowski), Mr. Bernard Williamson.

Whistling Solo—Selected, Miss Otten.

Vocal Solo—"For All Eternity," (Mascheroni), Mrs. Latta; (violin obligato), Miss Alice Smallbones.

Piano Solo—Prelude in D, (Chopin), Mr. Williamson.

Duet—"Chimes of Normandy," (Planquette Bouman), Miss Alice Smallbones and Miss Otten.

RED ROSES.

Tableau in two parts, "Naomi and Her Daughters in-Law," Mrs. J. F. Garrell, Miss Sarah Fitts and Miss Nora Scott.

Living picture, "Red Roses," Miss Lavinia Gillican.

Tableau, "The Spinning Wheel," Miss Hazel Love.

Tableau in two parts, "They Met By Chance," Miss Ethel Fitts and Mr. James Northam.

Tableau, "The Broken Engagement," Miss Annie Taylor.

Living pictures, "Easter Lillies," Miss Henrietta Shepard.

Tableau, "The Bill of Fare," Misses Annie Bowden, Lillie Walker, Mary Shepard, Minnie Perdew, Nora Scott, Ophelia Northam, Norma Northam, Lucy Craft, Muriel Craft, Maud Bulluck and Ethel Fitts.

"Interpreter," Miss Alice Craft.

After the rendition of the programme, delightful refreshments were served and the remainder of the evening was spent socially.

Truck Shipments.

Mr. H. T. Bauman, Business Agent of the East Carolina Truck and Fruit Growers' Association, will leave today or to-morrow for Rocky Mount, where he will remain during the berry season looking out for the interest of members of the association in their shipments by refrigerator car to the North. Mr. Bauman is a thoroughly capable man and can and will serve the berry growers of this section more satisfactorily than any agent they could secure.

House Party at Waccamaw.

A very enjoyable house party is being given by the Misses Cameron at Lake Waccamaw this week in compliment to a number of their friends Those who will be guests during the week are Miss Anita DeRosset, Wilmington; Miss Maude Haigh, Fayetteville; Mr. Tom Denson, Raleigh; Mr. Hector McGeachy, Fayetteville; Miss Maggie McNeill, Fayetteville; Dr. E. J. Nixon and Mr. Cliff Cohen, Wilmington; Miss Richardson, Whiteville.

Manager for Schlitz.

Mr. E. J. Pollard, who formerly conducted the saloon at southeast corner of Second and Princess street, has been made manager for the Schlitz Brewing Company in Wilmington. The new plant here will be in operation in a very short time.

INSURANCE ADVANCE.

Effective Yesterday There Was An Increase of Ten Cents On Mercantile Stocks.

THE RISE IS GENERAL.

And Confined Only by Jurisdiction of the Southeastern Tariff Association. Companies Just Can't Afford to Write Policies for Less

Effective as to policies dated after yesterday, an advance of ten cents is made in insurance rates on all mercantile stocks in the territory under the jurisdiction of the Southeastern Tariff Association, which of course includes Wilmington and the entire State. The advance was decided upon at the recent annual meeting of the underwriters held at Old Point Comfort, Va. The advance applies to stocks of merchandise only and no other risks are affected.

The field under the jurisdiction of the Southeastern Tariff Association comprises the States of Georgia, Florida, Alabama and North Carolina.

The tariff on mercantile stocks was increased for the simple reason that the companies could not afford to write business longer at the old rates.

In speaking of the reasons for the rise the Atlanta *Constitution* of May 1st, says:

"Frequently small blazes in store structures, that do not damage the building to any appreciable extent, cause a loss on the merchandise from water and smoke that runs up into the thousands. There have been four such fires in Atlanta recently. So, when the question was broached at the Old Point Comfort meeting the decision to advance the rates was practically unanimous. All of the companies in the Association had suffered in the same way. The managers say that their companies have lost more on mercantile stocks in the past two years than can be made in ten or fifteen years of profit.

"Notices have been sent out to the local agents all through the South that the new rates will go into effect to day. Individually the companies in the Association will make the same advance in rates in Virginia, South Carolina, Mississippi and Louisiana, which States are not within the jurisdiction of the Tariff Association."

CATHERINE KENNEDY HOME.

Sixth Anniversary Will be Observed With Devotional Exercises To-night.

To-day, May the third, marks the sixth anniversary of the opening of the present Catherine Kennedy Home, at Ninth and Princess streets, and according to custom of several years the event will be commemorated at the Home at 8 o'clock this evening with devotional exercises led by the Rev. A. D. McClure, pastor of the St. Andrew's Presbyterian church.

It is also the custom of the Ladies' Benevolent Society, under the auspices of which worthy organization the home is maintained, to receive a special donation upon this occasion for the old ladies, who are inmates of the institution, and it is expected that many people will call and contribute liberally either during the day or evening.

INVOLUNTARY BANKRUPTCY.

Creditors of O. F. Justice, Snead's Ferry, N. C., Filed Petition Yesterday.

Certain Wilmington creditors, having claims aggregating $575.24, yesterday filed through their attorneys, Russell & Gore, a petition in the United States Court here, asking that O. F. Justice, general merchant, of Snead's Ferry, Onslow county, be adjudged a bankrupt and the said petition be heard by the referee for this district on May 13th, at 3 P. M.

The creditors who filed the petition, and claims of each, are as follows: Morris Bear & Bro., $163.39; Hall & Pearsall (Incorporated), $122.58; Williams Bros., $118.69; D. L. Gore Company, $84.93, and W. B. Cooper, $85.65.

Miss Burtt at Florence.

The Florence *Times* of Wednesday afternoon contains a most complimentary account of the piano recital given in that city on Tuesday evening by Miss Elizabeth D. Burtt, of this city. The *Times* says that Miss Burtt rendered each of the seven numbers on the programme with exquisite skill.

Southern Live Stock Company.

The Southern Live Stock Company, of Maxton and Red Springs, N. C., is carrying a stock of horses, mules, buggies and harness for sale at the Davis Livery Stables on Market street, Wilmington. The STAR is personally acquainted with President A. J. McKennon, of the Southern Live Stock Company, and the reputation of the concern is that it always gives a customer what he buys and if anything sold does not show up as represented, the patron is protected by the concession of proper allowances by the seller or a taking back of the animal purchased. The most unsuspecting purchaser may trade with ease for any horse or mule in the stock and the Live Stock Company may be depended upon to deal with perfect fairness if the purchase is not satisfactory to the purchaser.

— Justice Jno. J. Fowler was able to be at his office only a part of yesterday. He is slightly indisposed with la grippe.

You Are Invited

To call and get one of our little Home Savings Banks, which we lend to depositors free of expense to them. Save your dimes and the dollars will take care of themselves.
INTEREST on deposits at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum, compounded quarterly.

The People's Savings Bank,
OF WILMINGTON, N. C.
Opposite the Postoffice.
H. C. McQUEEN, President. JNO. S. ARMSTRONG, Vice President.
my 3 tf W. W. DICK, Cashier.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. James Lewis, of Goldsboro, was here yesterday.

— Mrs. B. C. Moore returned yesterday from Warsaw.

— Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Williams left last evening for Baltimore.

— Mr. James F. Post, Jr., is at home from college at Baltimore.

— Mr. Alexander Webb, of Raleigh, is here on insurance business.

— Capt. V. V. Richardson, of Whiteville, was an arrival at The Orton yesterday.

— Mr. Jno. D. Shaw, Jr., of Laurinburg, N. C., is here to attend Federal Court.

— Mr. H. E. C. Bryant, of the Charlotte *Observer*, is in the city on business for his paper.

— Mrs. J. A. Montgomery and daughter, Miss Bessie, left yesterday morning to visit at Burgaw.

— Mrs. Franklin Ewing and family, who spent the Winter in Wilmington, returned to New York yesterday.

— Miss Jenkins, of Richmond, who has been the guest of Miss Anita B. DeRosset, returned home yesterday.

— Among the arrivals at The Orton yesterday were Messrs. J. D. Mallard, of Wallace, and M. M. Marks, of Newbern.

— Mr. Robert Robbins and wife have returned from Southport, where they have been visiting Mr. Robbins' father, who has been very sick. He is now much improved.

— Mr. James K. Collier, formerly of Wilmington, now general representative of the New York Life Insurance Company, with headquarters in Norfolk, Va., is in the city visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs S. P. Collier.

— Mr. W. W. Turner, general secretary of the Wilmington Y. M. C. A., left yesterday afternoon for Columbia, S. C., to assist the local secretary there in the inauguration of a movement for new members, similar to the successful contest between the "reds" and "yellows" in Wilmington last Fall.

NORTH CAROLINA SOROSIS.

Last Regular Meeting for the Season. Business Incident to Closing of the Year Was Considered.

The last meeting of the North Carolina Sorosis for the present season was held at the club room, No. 125 South Fifth street, yesterday afternoon, the president, Miss Gibson, in the chair.

A change in the constitution during the Winter placed the election of officers and the annual meeting in the Spring instead of in the Fall, as heretofore. The following ladies are in office for the ensuing year: President, Miss Margaret Gibson; vice presidents, Mrs. Philander Pearsall and Miss Eliza Bellamy; secretary, Mrs. M. L. Stover; treasurer, Miss Susan LeRoy Parsley.

Attractive programmes showing the work of the coming year were distributed among members. All efforts toward establishing the nucleus of a public library for the City of Wilmington were suspended until Fall, when definite work in that direction will be resumed.

As yesterday was the regular time for the annual meeting, reports of the Winter's work were read by the officers and chairmen of the departments, closing with an interesting address by the president, Miss Gibson. The adjournment was to the first Thursday in November. After the regular exercises, the remainder of the afternoon was spent socially and delightful refreshments were served.

LIST OF LETTERS.

Remaining Uncalled For in the Wilmington Postoffice May 1st, 1901.

WOMEN'S LIST.

Miss Carrie Burr, Miss Jannie Bunting, Mrs J D DeVane, Mrs Henrietta Hamilton, Mrs Tony Hearts, Phoby Larkins, Miss Flora Moses, Mrs Katie McRay, Mrs Nowell, Lisbeth Owen, Miss Mamie Pry, Mrs Eliza Smith, Miss Katie Ward, Mrs Sallie Wright, Mrs Mara Smith, Mrs M Woodworth.

MEN'S LIST.

H L Alderman, Archie Bennett, H M Bentel, S D Bryant, Geo W Chester, Edward Dayton, Harrison Davis, Chas W Emory (2), Neptune Falson, H Goldberger, Henry Green, Nelson Gore, J M Ham, J E Hunger, S E Hanared, I T Juner, E D Junes, N R Jones, Frank Jordan, J J Link, Geo McNeill, Gratton Purcin, C H Shaw, Fishler Tervus, T G Walton, Herbert Wilson.

Persons calling for above letters will please say advertised. If not called for in fifteen days they will be sent to the dead letter office. M. C. DARBY, Postmaster.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Street Railway Notice.

On and after June 1st, 1901, cars of the Wilmington Street Railway Company will stop only at the opposite street corners from the direction the car is proceeding and at red posts in the middle of each block along which the track extends. A. E. SKELDING, General Manager.
ma 1 1m

63 1-2 Steps

EAST from the corner of Front, and WEST from corner second and Princess streets will take you to

MERCER & EVANS CO.

DEPARTMENT STORES,

Where the public have found; are still finding and will continue to find the BEST GOODS for the LEAST MONEY, any where to be found. A comparison will convince.

Shoes Our Specialty.

Bell 'Phone 861. ap 28 tf



THE KING'S COACH

isn't of more pleasing design or better make than the

BABY CARRIAGES

shown here. Any one of them may, and is well fitted to carry the future President, or the first lady of the land. Handsome, strong, easy running and beautifully finished, they are marvels of value.

Go Carts from $5.00 up. Carriages from $7.50 up.

MUNROE & KELLY,

No. 17 South Front street.
Bell 'Phone 115. apr 30 tf



A GOOD HORSE,

or a pair of them, and any style of vehicle desired is at the service of our patrons, night or day. Buggies, Carriages, Traps, Wagons, Trucks or Wagonette. We can furnish you the most up-to-date in the city.

We have just received a new consignment of Horses, Mules, Buggies and Harness, which we will sell at a low price. Also a few high combination Horses.

Special attention given to Boarding Horses. Box stall if preferred, at

THE S. J. DAVIS LIVERY STABLES,

208, 210 Market Street.
Both 'Phones—124. my 2 tf

"Lost Opportunities Seldom Return."

On this rapidly advancing market and satisfied with what we have met—you can buy

Virginia Water Ground Meal

Prime White Corn.
Prime Mixed Corn

At satisfactory prices. Write us. We hav some stock of

Sardines—½ cans.
Sardines—¼ cans.
Sardines—in glass jars.

We close out at Bargains.

"Red Seal Lye."
"Red Seal Lye."
"Red Seal Lye."

Easily the best made and makes good profit to the retailer.

Vollers & Hashagen,

Shippers of Grain and Provisions.
apr 26 tf

Election Notice.

In accordance with the laws of 1901 entitled An Act to issue Bonds for road improvement in New Hanover County, an election will be held Friday, May 31st, 1901, and the question submitted as follows:

"Shall New Hanover County, North Carolina, issue fifty thousand dollars of its bonds, with interest coupons attached, to repair, make and improve the public roads in said county."

The ballots tendered and cast by the qualified electors shall have written or printed upon them "For good roads or agaidst good roads."

All qualified electors who favor the issue of said bonds shall vote "for good roads." All qualified voters who are opposed to the issue of said bonds shall vote "against good roads."

An entire new registration is required for said election.

D. McEACHERN,
Chairman Board County Commissioners.

Polling places and Registrars will be published later. ap 30 29t

There Is Nothing Just as Good

nor anything that will cure La Grippe, Croup, Cough and Colds as quickly as Rice's Goose Grease Liniment. No Cure, No Pay.
nov 13 6m

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 3.

A PERTINENT INQUIRY.

A citizen of New Jersey who takes an interest in the question of ship subsidies sends the following to the Philadelphia *Press*, which is a subsidy paper:

"Sir:—Whenever I read the pleas of the ship subsidy advocates I become bewildered in the effort to ascertain whether we should grant subventions to ship owners because we already have an export trade and no ships to carry it in, or whether we must have ships of our own to carry it in before we shall be able to develop an export trade upon a sound basis. For instance, in the *Press* of to-day your Washington correspondent, Mr. E. J. Gibson, says:

"'If the United States had steamship lines to Brazil and Argentina and could furnish the coal as cheap even as Great Britain, and we might furnish it cheaper, then the British would be driven out of the trade because outside of their coal exports they have not sufficient commerce with South America to pay for running one in ten of the ships they now run. If the United States supplied the coal it would also supply the iron and machinery, railroad supplies, cottons and other things now supplied to those countries by Great Britain.

"The whole trade of these countries turns on the question of transportation. There is abundant testimony to that effect on file in Congress. If the British by taxing coal make it higher in South America, then the United States will profit by it whenever we can establish steamship transportation to those countries and take advantage of our opportunities."

"Now, what I would like to have made plain is whether it was because they first had the ships or because they could sell the coal cheapest that the British have built up an export trade in coal to South America which, according to your correspondent, requires 90 per cent. of all out-bound tonnage engaged in that trade to carry. And again, if, as your correspondent says of coal, 'we might furnish it cheaper' than the British, how should we as an export nation, paying a subvention to shipowners for carrying this coal, be at any advantage over the British nation, charging an export duty upon coal shipments; for is it not true that the whole amount of both the subsidy duty and the export duty would ultimately be paid by the taxpayers of the countries establishing them? Why would it not do as well to pay a bounty to exporters of coal for a fixed term and let them look after their own transportation? We should by this means just as surely secure such export trade in coal—and in anything else—as our natural advantages might entitle us to as by granting a subsidy to the owners of ships. I may be seriously mislead, but I cannot help thinking that this question of subsidy as bearing upon the cost of transportation is not based upon tenable premises; that, in fact, talking the matter of coal shipments as an illustration, the problem is one of inland transportation—of getting to tide water—rather than one of ocean freights. Will not 'The Press' kindly set me right in this matter?"

This is a pertinent inquiry, which the *Press* essays to answer as follows:

"The South American coal trade offers a very clear illustration of this transportation question. In 1897, the latest year for which we have complete statistics at hand, Great Britain imported from Argentina, Brazil and Uruguay $44,387,240 in value of their products and sold to them $54,139,875 worth of her products, coal being one of the principal British products. In the same year the United States purchased of those countries $83,127,070 of their products and sold to them $20,039,475 worth of our products. We bought of the products of those countries nearly twice as much as Great Britain, but sold to them only a little over one third as much. Great Britain, hundreds of miles farther distant, sold millions of dollars worth of coal to those countries to our hundreds. If the United States had furnished that coal there would have been few cargoes for British ships sailing from England to those countries, and as the imports into Great Britain did not begin to furnish return cargoes the trade would naturally have come to the United States.

"The case of Brazil stands out conspicuously. Great Britain exported to Brazil $26,156,170 worth of merchandise, as compared with $12,441,065 sent by the United States. Brazil sold to Great Britain $18,682,065 in value and to the United States $69,315,389. Great Britain sent a cargo, coal being the principal product in bulk, to Brazil, there loaded a cargo for the United States, or else came in ballast, and then took a cargo to Europe. If our merchants wanted to ship by that route they sent by way of Europe, and that is the route now to many South American ports. But many of the British vessels sailed from Brazil in ballast to Argentina, 1,200 miles, and then took on a cargo of agricultural products to Europe, where they competed with those of the United States. The chief export in value which Great Britain sent to South America was cotton goods, which this country could just as well furnish, and Great Britain sent other things that we produce. But our merchants cannot build up a trade with South America by way of Europe. Moreover, many subsidized lines run from Europe to Rio de Janeiro and Bueno sAyres.

"It is very clear in this case that with proper transportation facilities we would do the greater part of the export trade to South America now done by Great Britain and other European nations. Paying an export bounty on coal, as suggested in the letter of inquiry, would not accomplish the result, for the reason that it is not coal alone we want to export, but cotton goods and other things. In 1899 Great Britain sent $8,500,000 of cotton goods to Brazil and got the raw material for the manufacture of those goods in the United States, and she sent about the same quantity of cotton good to Argentina. To those two countries Great Britain exported $16,500,000 of cotton goods, as compared with about $600,000 sent by the United States. Hence paying an export bounty on coal could by no means be made to serve as aiding our shipping. The statistics show that inland transportation, spoken of in the letter, does not prevent the exportation of coal to South America."

There is some truth in this but it is not an answer to the question. No one doubts or questions the advantage it would be in building up our foreign trade to have ships of our own, but this is not an absolute necessity as is shown by the remarkable increase of our exports within the past few years, especially our exports of manufacturers, 90 per cent. of which was shipped in foreign bottoms. Great Britain is our best foreign customer, and yet the bulk of our exports to that country went out in English ships. Possibly we might have sold Great Britain more stuff if we had our own ships to carry it, but that is not likely. Foreign countries buy only what they need or can find profit in, without once considering the flag the ship flies which carries it. Great Britain bought from us chiefly food stuffs and she bought them because she needed them and could buy them from us cheaper than she could from other nations.

There is no question, however, as a matter of good policy and of good business sense, that every commercial nation should have a merchant marine capable of carrying its commerce over the seas. And we should have ours, but many who believe this can see no reason why the Government should give millions of dollars to men to build and sail ships when the ships could be supplied without giving those millions. One of the pretences for advocating subsidies is that on account of the expense of of operating ships, Americans can not compete with foreigners who can run ships for less money than they can, and yet we have steamship lines owned by Americans, doing a successful business, and within the past few days J. Pierpont Morgan, acting for American capitalists, has bought some of the English lines of steamers. And England is becoming alarmed lest American enterprise and capital wrest for her the ocean transportation business. This doesn't look as if they needed subsidies to run ships.

Do they need bounties to build them? One of the latest combines reported is a combination of several of the largest ship-building plants in the country, followed by the announcement that the largest dry dock in the world would soon be established at New York. Does this look as if American ship builders were dependent upon Government bounty to build ships? Of course they would like to have a bounty for it would be that much clear money in their coffers, and the ship sailers would like to have sudsidies which would also be that much clear money in their coffers, but the fact that both are proceeding to do business without bounty or subsidy is a proof that neither needs them.

If it is ships, as commerce builders, that the subsidy advocates want why not repeal the restrictive antiquated navigation laws which prevent Americans from buying ships in other countries and sailing them as American ships?

But it isn't the lack of ships that holds our trade with South American countries down, for we have built up trade with European and other Eastern countries with the use of foreign ships. Our trade is backward with our neighbors because the Europeans were earlier in the field, worked more systematically for it and were not handicapped by tariff laws as our traders have been and are. This has had much to do with putting us at a disadvantage. The Englishman can exchange his products for products of other countries, and make money by the exchange, because he has no home tariff duties to pay, while our merchant can't because he is confronted by protective duties that would take all the profit out of the goods he exchanged his goods for. American ships would never offset the disadvantages we labor under on account of our tariff laws, while the British trader, our principal competitor, has a free field, and works it for all it is worth.

ANOTHER OBJECT LESSON.

A few days ago we published an object lesson presented to a New Jersey community, in which a brutal negro under arrest for assaulting a little girl escaped lynching because "there was no one to take the lead." Here is another of a more horrible character, reported from Connellsville, Pa., under date of 29th ult:

Hiram McMillan, aged 40 years, who was shot at Oliphant, near Connellsville, yesterday while trying to protect his wife, aged 21, from brutal assaults at the hands of eight colored men and two women, died at the Cottage State Hospital here this morning. His wife is in a critical condition.

Wesley Lewis, William Allen, Thos. Walker John Franklin, Walter Coles, William Lee, John Morris, William Nilds, Bessie Wares and Lizzie Jones, all colored, are in jail at Uniontown, charged with the murder.

"Some of the men covered McMillan with revolvers while others assaulted his wife and the negro women taunted him. McMillan made a dying statement in which he said said he was shot by William Allen, who first assaulted his wife.

"Public feeling is running high both at Uniontown and Oliphant. The McMillans came recently from Preston county, West Virginia, and the fact that they have no friends and but few acquaintances has alone prevented a wholesale lynching. There are signs of trouble, however, and officers are guarding the jail. Allen is wanted at Colgate, Illinois, for a similiar crime.

"Mr. McMillan also identified Thos. Walker and Wesley Lewis as assailants of his wife.

There was no "wholesale" lynching in this case because the victims of these fiends were new comers and had "no friends" and "but a few acquaintances." And that is not much of a compliment to that community.

A London dispatch says Englishmen are becoming alarmed at the buying of English ships by American capitalists. Pshaw. John Bull seems to have fallen into a condition of chronic scare.

BOSS HANNA SAYS "NO"

Boss Hanna isn't going to have any "tariff tinkering" if he can prevent it, and Hanna is still a power in the Republican wigwam. Just before his departure on that Western junket with the President he was interviwed at Washington on the Babcock movement and is thus reported:

"I am not cheeky enough to endeavor to speak for the Republican party. But I can speak for myself, and as far as I am concerned, there will be no tinkering with the tariff. Congressman Babcock's position does not merit serious consideration. Although perhaps it would make but little difference to take off the metal schedule, do you suppose we are going to do that, and allow the Nova Scotia Steel Company, for instance, to dump her products into New England? Not much! We may not need the tariff so much any more as far as foreign countries are concerned, but we must protect ourselves against the big institutions which are springing up on our border. The Dingley tariff is the most perfect work of human ingenuity balanced on scientific principles. It must not be disturbed, nor must there be any changes in our tariff except on a basis of reciprocity."

When speaking for himself Senator Hanna speaks for a very considerable part of the Republican party, for he has the President with him, has a pull on the patronage and that goes a long way in carrying or defeating measures in a Republican Congress.

In this utterance Mr. Hanna contemptuously dismisses Congressman Babcock with the remark that "his position does not merit serious consideration," but it is meeting with some serious consideration, all the same, and Mr. Hanna's tart remarks show it.

It isn't the foreigners across the seas that Boss Hanna seems to be afraid of, for it has been demonstrated that our steel makers can wrestle with them successfully, but it is the foreigners near our back yard just across the Canada border, where they propose to establish plants and dump their products in New England. Well, wouldn't that give the New Englanders cheaper steel, and to that extent protect them and other American consumers from the rapacity of the Steel Trust? But why shouldn't the American Steel Trust, with its great resources and immense capital, be able to make and sell steel as cheaply as those foreigners in Canada, just across the line, where wages are about as high as they are in this country? Is it because it is not satisfied with the profits the Canadians would be content with? That's about the only reason we, or any one else, can see, and for that reason Mr. Hanna insists that the protective duties must be kept on steel to keep the Canadian steel out of our markets, and will not, as far as he is concerned, permit any "tariff tinkering."

When Mr. Babcock gets ready for work he can strip for a tussle with Hon. Mark Hanna and his contingent, if they do not bluff him in the meantime.

A BOOST FOR SHIP SUBSIDIES

The speeches delivered so far by Mr. McKinley on his trip Westward have been clever and broadgauged, but he has not neglected when the opportunity presented to throw in something for his party's policies. In his Memphis speech he worked in expansion and at Vicksburg spoke of favorably of ship subsidies. He does this briefly and apparently incidentally, but as pointedly as if they were the subjects of his speeches. There never was any doubt as to where Mr. McKinley stands on the question of ship subsidies, for the active interest taken in this question by Mr. Hanna, Mr. McKinley's right hand man, would leave no ground for doubt on that, but the fact that he thus proclaims in favor of subsidies puts doubt, if there were any, at rest.

Some had an idea that when Senator Hanna failed to get a vote on his subsidy scheme at the last session of Congress, the measure was killed, but Hanna isn't one of the quit kind of men, and will lose no time in bringing that measure to the front at the next meeting of Congress, and then he will have the backing of the ship builders who, by that time, will have a strong combination, the leading yards being consolidated. This is practically a big ship building Trust which would get the most of that $180,000,000 provided for in the Frye-Payne bill, which would be a very nice take for them.

With a Republican Congress, and Mark Hanna and the President favoring the combine it is needless to say that the influence of the combine would be irresistible unless there should be developed such a popular sentiment in the Republican party against it as would scare the politicians off, which is not likely. The Republicans are in, and they are going to make the most of their opportunity.

Flower growing is one of the industries of thrifty Connecticut. It is said that there are over 800,000 feet of glass used in that State under which flowers are grown for commercial purposes. Down with us flowers grow in profusion, but the only one we know off that is cultivated for commercial purposes is the tube rose.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*. The Kind You Have Always Bought

SPIRITS TURPENTINE

— Chadbourn *Messenger*: Mr. Gilbert Fowler died at his residence, three miles west of this place, last Wednesday morning; aged about 86 years.

— Clarkton *Express*: Mrs. Mary Ezzell, who lived near here, died on last Friday night She was quite old, and had been an invalid for a number of years.

— Maxton *Scottish Chief*: The anxiety of the farmers in regard to the cotton crop is intense. It is said many fingers are worn and sore from scratching after their cotton seed that are still in the ground. Some are planting over.

— Laurinburg *Exchange*: It is generally thought that nearly all of the cotton planted will have to be replanted, and there is some fear of a famine of seed. The last sale that we know was for 40 cents per bushel, but some who have seed on hand are holding for a dollar a bushel.

— Goldsboro *Headlight*: There was a heavy frost throughout this section Monday morning, but plants were so dry that little damage was done. —— The cool nights of the past month have caused cotton seed to rot and many of our farmers are ploughing up and replanting cotton.

— Chatham *Record*: The fruit is not as badly damaged as was thought. The prospect now is for a right good crop. —— The wife of Mr. George D. Fraise, of Gulf, died on last Saturday. She was greatly beloved by all who knew her and was a lady of excellencies of character.

— Clinton *Democrat*: There was some damage to beans and strawberries from the frost Sunday night. The farmers did not expect a frost and many had failed to prepare for it. —— Many of the farmers have been compelled to plant their corn over. The weather has been so cold that only a very poor stand was obtained from the first planting.

— Kinston *Free Press*: Dr. W. T. Parrott was summoned Tuesday afternoon to attend a colored girl, Bessie Grant, aged 14 years, with the initial symptoms of lockjaw, caused from sticking a nail in her foot several days ago. He injected a quantity of lockjaw anti-toxine, which seems to be working successfully. It will be several days before she can be out of danger.

— Salisbury *Sun*: Mr. M. L. Jones, of High Point, a brother of our townsman, Mr. J. W. Jones, was in Salisbury yesterday on his way to Charlotte with 27 pounds of rich gold ore in his possession. The ore was taken from the rich gold mine in Montgomery county, which was sold last week, and in which Mr. Jones had a large interest. Our townsman, Mr. J. W. Jones, was also interested in the mine, which brought $24,000.

— Rockingham *Anglo Saxon*: All the early planting of cotton in this section is being replanted this week. The cold wet weather caused the seed to rot, and early Monday morning the planters set to the work of replanting. About half the entire acreage is to replant. Messrs. Crosland and Everett are replanting a thousand acres. They cultivate about two thousand acres in cotton. That is about the acreage that will apply to this entire section. Our information is that the per centage will probably be greater in Scotland. This has created an unexpected demand for cotton seed. Seed is being bought from the oil mills at advanced prices, and it is doubtful if enough seed for all can be secured in time.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— Failing to secure the passage of their subsidy bill, the five great shipyards of this country are going into a combine. So the country may yet be sorry that it didn't shell out in the first place.—*Atlanta Journal, Dem.*

—— Independence the Cuban Commission declares it desires and independence the island will receive, but it will be independence inside and not outside the responsibilities and obligations of the American system outlined by the Monroe doctrine. Annexation is sure to come if Cuba drifts from revolution to revolution. The only sure prevention is a guarantee of order and stability in Cuba which renders revolution unprofitable and preserves the island from the dreary disorders of Spanish-American lands. —*Philadelphia Times, Rep.*

—— "When Alabama and Virginia provide constitutional restrictions of the franchise," it is noted, "seven Southern States will have taken decisive action in this important particular. Mississippi took action in 1890, South Carolina in 1895, Louisiana in 1898, North Carolina in 1900 and Maryland only a few weeks ago. The fact that no less than three States will have acted during the first half of 1901 shows how rapidly the movement is gaining ground."—*Charleston News and Courier, Dem.*

—— If Dr. Parkhurst becomes seized with chronic outbursts of emotional insanity, it is likely that he will arrive at the truth more frequently regarding the real position of the negro, South and North. As usual, this extremist goes too far on his new tack of yesterday, when he declared that both the Northerner and the Southerner dislike the negro. On the contrary, the negro is disliked in Dixieland only when he attempts tasks for which he is unfitted. This is the natural aversion for the pushing, but incompetent, that extends to all colors and places. Meanwhile we advise a stiff course of intellectual banting for the Reverend Parkhurst.—*Baltimore Herald, Ind.*

Story of a Slave.

To be bound hand and foot for years by the chains of disease is the worst form of slavery. George D. Williams, of Manchester, Mich., tells how such a slave was made free. He says: "My wife has been so helpless for five years that she could not turn over in bed alone. After using two bottles of Electric Bitters, she is wonderfully improved and able to do her own work." This supreme remedy for female diseases quickly cures nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy headache, backache, fainting an dizzy spells. This miracle working medicine is a godsend to weak, sickly, run down people. Every bottle guaranteed. Only 50 cents. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

DUCRO'S Alimentary ELIXIR
Is highly recommended as a remedy for lung diseases and as a preventive for typhoid, malarial and all kinds of fevers
Agents, E. Fougera & Co., New York

TWINKLINGS.

— Exciting Experiences: "Pa, do you know much about wild animals?" "Well, I've sat down on lots of cats in rocking chairs."—*Chicago Record*

— Contractor—"You won't sell me a car load of bricks on credit?" Dealer—"No, me an' my bricks are very much alike We're hard pressed for cash"

— Patience—"What is the sign when a man kisses a girl on the forehead?" Patrice—"I should say it was a sign that he was rattled."—*Yonker's Statesman.*

— Queercus—"It is always the unexpected that happens." Gloomicus—"It never happens with me. I am always expecting the unexpected. —*Chicago Tribune.*

— "This would be a happier world," said the cornfed philosopher, "if more of us got what we wanted and fewer of us got what we deserved."—*Indianapolis Press.*

— Hix—"Isn't it wonderful what a delicate sense of touch blind people have?" Dix—"Yes; only this morning a blind beggar touched me for 10 cents."—*Chicago Daily News.*

— Cholly—"And now that you've finished school, Miss Daisy, I suppose you can conjugate love in several languages." Miss Daisy—"No, but I can decline 'you' in English."—*Harlem Life*

— "How long must I keep praying for you and papa?" "Why, I hope always, Willie." "Well, I've been asking God to make you more indulgent, but I don't notice any change."—*Life*

— Mrs. Nibber—"Doesn't that man in the next pew roar awfully when he sings?" Mr Nibber—"Yes; I'm going to speak to an usher about it and have him put in the choir."—*Chicago Record-Herald*

— Phrenologist—"Your bump of destructiveness is very large. Are you a soldier or a pugilist?" Subject—"Neither. I'm a furniture mover." —*Brooklyn Eagle.*

— Mrs. Styles—"Are you going out on your wheel to day, Bridget." Bridget—"Indade, I'm not, mum; I'd not break the Sabbath day, mum." "I'm glad there's something you're not going to break, Bridget."—*Yonkers Statesman.*

Extracting Honey.

One very essential thing in extracting honey is a good sharp honey knife, as a dull knife will break and mutilate the combs. Shave off the cappings as evenly as possible, so as to keep the combs of a uniform thickness. After removing the capping from both sides of the comb place it in the basket or reel of the extractor with the top of the frame toward the outside of the extractor. When both frames are put in this way, the machine will run evenly without jolting or jarring. Be careful to put in combs of equal weight as near as you can judge, as a light comb on one side and a heavy one on the other will cause the reel to wabble and sometimes jump out of the socket. Turn the crank slowly at first if the combs are very heavy. Only throw out part of the honey from the first side, then reverse the combs and turn fast enough to throw out all of the honey from that side, then reverse the combs again and run the machine fast enough to throw out all that remains. A little practice will soon enable any one to tell how fast to turn the crank. If turned too fast the first time when the combs are heavy, it breaks the cells, concludes Farm, Field and Fireside.

Cheap Straw Shelters For Pigs.

This winter not many plank shelters will be built for swine. Lumber is too costly. While the price of pork is good, it has not increased like the price of building material. Straw is scarce over a large area; consequently fodder comes in for the first place for making cheap shelter, says National Stockman.

Three points must be looked after in making comfortable shelter and feeding lots—warmth, dryness and a wind break for feeding grounds. These can be had with a little care on every farm.

Keep the pigs dry and do not fear that the shelter will be too warm. However, if the nest is wet it can be too warm. Have the opening in the direction from which the wind blows the least. Build tight the sides with fodder, so the wind will not blow on their bodies. Make the roof of sufficient slant to turn water. Fodder thrown over the pen flat in single bunches is no better than no roof.

Presiding Elder's Appointments, Wilmington District.

Clinton, Kendall's, May 4, 5.
Scott's Hill, Bethany, May 11, 12.
Fifth Street, May 12.
Magnolia, Magnolia, May 18, 19.
Elizabeth, Purdie's, May 25, 26.
Bladen, Deem's Capel, May 26, 27.
Kenansville, Warsaw, June 1, 2.
Grace, June 2, 3.
Onslow, ———, June 7.
Jacksonville and Richlands, Jacksonville, June 8, 9.
Waccamaw, Zion, June 15, 16.
Whiteville, Cerro Gordo, June 17.
Market Street, June 23, 24.

R. B. JOHN.

Bismarck's Iron Nerve.

Was the result of his spendid health. Indomitable will and tremendous energy are not found where Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels are out of order. If you want these qualites and the success they bring, use Dr. King's New Life Pills They develop every power of brain and body. Only 25 cents at R. R. BELLAMY's drug store. †

LET ME SAY I have used Ely's Cream Balm for catarrh and can thoroughly recommend it for what it claims. Very truly, (Rev.) H. W. Hathaway, Elizabeth, N. J.

I TRIED Ely's Cream Balm, and to all appearances am cured of catarrh. The terrible headaches from which I long suffered are gone.—W. J. Hitchcock, late Major U. S. Vol. and A. A. Gen., Buffalo, N. Y.

The Balm does not irritate or cause sneezing. Sold by druggists at 50c, or mailed by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren street, New York. †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, soften the gums, and allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. †

DR. PIERCE'S GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY FOR THE BLOOD, LIVER, LUNGS.

A PEEP

Into the future would sadden



many a happy woman. The misery of marriage often results from ailments which maidenly modesty kept hidden. When doctors are at last consulted they frequently fail to help. They do not understand the root of the trouble. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription has cured in thousands of cases where doctors entirely failed.

"I had been a great sufferer from female weakness," writes Mrs. M. B. Wallace, of Muenster, Cook Co., Texas. "*I tried four doctors and none did me any good.* I suffered six years, but at last I found relief. I followed your advice, and took eight bottles of 'Favorite Prescription' and four of the 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I now feel like a *new woman*. I have gained eighteen pounds."

"Favorite Prescription"

MAKES WEAK WOMEN STRONG AND SICK WOMEN WELL.

"HEAP SMELL."

The Indian Knew What He Wanted and Where to Get It.

Some Indians from Buffalo Bill's Wild West, arrayed in bright colored blankets and an exceptional amount of face paint, were taking in the sights of the city one afternoon. They strolled down Walnut street, single file, and, headed by a buck who now and then gave a grunt of satisfaction when something that pleased him caught his eye, they halted in front of a drug store and gazed at the window display for a moment. Then the band filed into the establishment and began to look around.

The clerk thought the place was going to be besieged and that he was likely to lose his scalp, but when the "big chief," who acted as spokesman, addressed him with the customary Indian greeting of "How!" the clerk regained his composure enough to ask the Indian what he wanted.

"Heap smell," was the reply.

Directed by the Indian's finger to a showcase, the clerk produced a bar of soap. The brave took it gingerly, removed the wrapper, smelled it and bit into the toothsome looking article. With a deep grunt of displeasure he handed it back to the drug clerk. With a disgusted look he remarked, "Heap smell!"

The clerk began to tremble, and the Indian pointed to a perfume bottle in the showcase. The bottle of perfume was handed to him. The Indian held it in both hands for a moment, closely scrutinizing it. He slowly removed the stopper, closely watching it as if he expected it to explode, and took a long sniff at the bottle, gave a grunt of satisfaction, handed the clerk some money and led his band of braves out of the store, to the delight of the frightened clerk, who had not been in the practice of waiting on real Indians.—Kansas City Journal.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute	8¼	@	8
Standard		@	7¾
Burlaps	6	@	6¾
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	15
Sides ℔ ℔	9	@	10
Shoulders ℔ ℔	10	@	11
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔	8¾	@	9
Shoulders ℔ ℔	8¾	@	9
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 25	@	1 40
Second-hand machine		@	1 40
New New York, each		@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	7 00	@	7 50
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	20	@	25
Northern	25	@	30
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks	60	@	62½
Virginia Meal	60	@	62½
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	1 25
CANDLES—℔ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	11
COFFEE—℔ ℔—			
Laguyra	11	@	12½
Rio	9	@	11
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5¼
Yarns, ℔ bunch of 5 ℔s		@	70
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl.	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl.	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 75	@	4 00
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	7 50	@	8 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
" Extra	4 25	@	4 50
FLOUR—℔ ℔—			
Low grade	3 25	@	3 50
Choice	3 40	@	3 50
Straight	3 50	@	3 75
First Patent	4 25	@	4 50
GLUE—℔ ℔	9	@	10
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White	62½	@	65
Mixed Corn	62	@	63
Car-load, in bgs—White	60	@	61
Oats, from store	38	@	40
Oats, Rust Proof	4.	@	45
Cow Peas	90	@	1 10
HIDES—℔ ℔—			
Green salted	4	@	5
Dry flint	10	@	11
Dry salt	9	@	10
HAY ℔ 100 ℔s			
No 1 Timothy	95	@	1 00
Rice Straw	40	@	50
Eastern	90	@	95
Western	90	@	95
North River		@	90
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔	3	@	3½
CHEESE—℔ ℔—			
Northern Factory	13	@	15
Dairy Cream	12½	@	14
Half cream	10	@	12½
LARD, ℔ ℔			
Northern	7½	@	10
North Carolina	10	@	11
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 20
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	25
Barbadoes, in barrels		@	25
Porto Rico, in hogsheads	28	@	30
Porto Rico, in barrels	28	@	32
Sugar House, in hogsheads	12	@	14
Sugar House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	15	@	25
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis		@	2 45
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess		@	18 00
Rump		@	17 00
Prime		@	16 50
ROPE, ℔ ℔	11	@	22
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum		@	1 25
Liverpool	95	@	1 10
American	95	@	1 05
On 125 ℔ Sacks	65	@	70
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd	5½	@	5¾
Standard A	5¼	@	5½
White Extra C	5	@	5¼
Extra C, Golden	4½	@	5
C Yellow	4½	@	4¾
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3½	@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping	8 00	@	9 00
Common mill	4 00	@	5 00
Fair mill	5 00	@	6 50
Prime mill	6 50	@	7 50
Extra mill	8 00	@	8 50
SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed			
℔ M 6x24 heart	4 25	@	5 00
" Sap	3 00	@	3 25
5x20 Heart	2 25	@	2 50
" Sap	1 60	@	1 75
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon Northern	1 00	@	2 10

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*. The Kind You Have Always Bought

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET

[Quoted officially at the closing of the Produce Exchange.]

STAR OFFICE, May 2.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market steady at 31½ cents per gallon for machine made casks and 31 cents per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN—Market steady at $1.05 per barrel for strained and $1.10 per barrel for good strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.20 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm at $1.10 per barrel for hard, $2.10 for dip and —— for virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine firm at 47@46½c; rosin nothing doing; tar firm at $1.30; crude turpentine quiet at $1.85 @2.90.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	21
Rosin	466
Tar	80
Crude turpentine	51

Receipts same day last year—27 casks spirits turpentine, 111 bbls rosin, 407 bbls tar, 49 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 7⅞c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	5 7-16	cts	℔ lb
Good ordinary	6 13 16	"	"
Low middling	7 7-16	"	"
Middling	7⅞	"	"
Good middling	8 3 16	"	"

Same day last year middling firm at 9¼c.

Receipts—91 bales; same day last year, 105

[Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants.]

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina dull Prime, 65c; extra prime, 70c per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 77½c. Virginia—Prime, 50c; extra prime, 55c; fancy, 60c. Spanish, 85c.

CORN—Firm; 65 to 70c per bushel for white.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 12 to 13c per pound; shoulders, 8 to 10c; sides, 8 to 10c.

EGGS—Steady at 11 to 12½c per dozen.

CHICKENS—Firm. Grown, 25 to 30c; springs, 15@25c.

TURKEYS—Live, dull at 9 to 10c; dressed, 12 to 14c.

BEESWAX—Firm at 25c.

SWEET POTATOES—Firm at 70c.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 2.—Money on call firm at 4@6 per cent., last loan 6, ruling rate 4½@6 per cent Prime mercantile paper 3¾@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange firm undertone; actual business in bankers' bills at 488 for demand and 484¼ for sixty days. The posted rates were 485½@486 and 489. Commercial bills 484¼@484½. Silver certificates were 60. Bar silver 59½. Mexican dollars 48½. Government bonds weak. State bonds strong. Railroad bonds irregular. U. S. refunding 2's reg'd, 106¾; U. S. refund'g 2's, coupon, 106¼; U. S. 2's, reg'd, —; U. S. 3's, reg'd, 110; do. coupon, 11; U. S. 4's, new reg'd, 138½; do. coupon, 138½; U. S. 4's, old reg'd, 113¾; do. coupon, 113½; U. S. 5's, reg'd, 110, do. coupon 110; Southern Railway 5's 117¼. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 109⅞; Chesapeake & Ohio 51½; Manhattan L 127¾; N. Y. Central 165½; Reading 42⅞; do. 1st pref'd 78½; St Paul, 174⅞; do. pref'd, 192; Southern Railway 33½; do. pref'd 86¾; American Tobacco, 127½; do pref'd —; People's Gas 117½; Sugar 146½; do. pref'd —, T. C. & Iron 65¼; U. S. Leather 15, do. preferred 78½; Western Union 96⅞; U. S. Steel 53; U. S Steel, pref'd 100½; Consolidated Gas —; Standard Oil 832@837.

BALTIMORE, May 2.—Seaboard Air Line, common, 26½@26¾; do. preferred, 46½@46¾. Bonds—4's 81¼@81⅞.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 2.—Rosin dull. Strained common to good $1 55@1 57½. Spirits turpentine quiet.

CHARLESTON, May 2.—Spirits turpentine firm at 31c; sales — casks Rosin firm and unchanged.

SAVANNAH May 2 Spirits turpentine firm at 31½c, paid and bid; receipts 1,794 casks; sales 1,496 casks; exports 336 casks. Rosin firm; receipts 2,626 barrels; sales 1,855 barrels; exports 901 barrels: A, B, C, $1 10; D, $1 15; E, $1 20; F, $1 25; G, $1 30; H, $1 45; I, 1 65; K, $1 95; M, $2 20; N, $2 35; W G, $2 50; W W, $2 75

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 2.—It was an exceptionally dull day on the Cotton Exchange. The variations in values did not allow even the scalping element to make the usual "turns" and offered no inducement to investors or the semi professional trade. The opening was steady, with prices one to four points lower, a surprisingly good start in view of pronounced weakness in Liverpool and a bearish average of news in hand from the crop centre. Both departments of the English market declined sharply from liquidation, prices declining to the lowest level reached since the season opened. Foreign selling orders were cabled to representatives here, this pressure coming upon the Summer months principally. After the call the market steadied a point or so on covering by nervous shorts, who feared possible manipulation of July and August. Receipts were up to the average and crop news was favorable, except in the Southwest, where rain was needed. It was said that in parts of Texas farms were being given over to prospecting for oil, but this new attraction for planters was not sufficiently broadcast to seriously affect the acreage of that State. Mill reports from Fall River and the South were gloomy as heretofore with demand for cloths almost at a standstill. The weather forecast being favorable and the estimates for tomorrow's receipts being large, shorts made no attempt at depressing values in the afternoon. The market was finally dull but steady with prices net five points lower to two points higher.

NEW YORK, May 2.—Cotton quiet; middling uplands 8 5-16c.

Cotton futures closed steady but dull: May 7.91, June 7.90, July 7.91, August 7.61, September 7.34, October 7.24, November 7.17, December 7.17, January 7.18.

Spot cotton closed quiet; middling uplands 8 5 16c; middling gulf 8 9 16c; sales 90 bales.

Net receipts 1,543 bales; gross receipts 3,291 bales; stock 141,435 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 10,226 bales; exports to Great Britain 20,923 bales; exports to the Continent 4,507 bales; stock 141,435 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 98,462 bales; exports to Great Britain 69,744 bales; exports to France 19 094 bales; exports to the Continent 39,365 bales.

Total since September 1st.—Net receipts 6,791,530 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,668,813 bales; exports to France 667,219 bales; exports to the Continent 2,132,941 bales.

May 2.—Galveston, dull at 8¼c, net receipts 1,546 bales; Norfolk, quiet at 8⅜c, net receipts 335 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 8½c, net receipts 712 bales; Boston, quiet at 8 5-16c, net receipts 100 bales; Wilmington, firm at 7⅞c, net receipts 91 bales; Philadelphia, dull at 8 9 16c, net receipts 189 bales; Savannah, quiet at 8 1-16, net receipts 189 bales; New Orleans, quiet, steady at 7 15 16c, net receipts 3,852 bales; Mobile, quiet at 7⅞c, net receipts 19 bales; Memphis, steady at 8c, net receipts 661 bales; Augusta, quiet at 8 7-16c, net receipts 288 bales; Charleston, steady at 8c, net receipts 51 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 2.—Flour was fairly active and firmer. Wheat—Spot strong; No. 2 red 84⅞c; options opened firm and carried the strength pretty much all day on an active trade, partly for outside account. Bullish crop news had much to do with the advance and was supplemented by a steadiness abroad, a big rise in corn and free covering. Closed strong at ⅛@⅜c net advance. Sales, May closed 81⅜c; July closed 79⅜c; September closed 78c Corn—Spot strong. No. 2, 56c; option were strong and active all day. May shorts were badly squeezed again and outsiders bought a good deal of July corn Highest prices in several years were attained. Closed strong at 1@1½c net advance. May closed 54⅜c; July closed 52½c; September closed 50⅞c. Oats Spot firmer; No. 2 32c; options firm and active, with other grain. Lard steady; Western steamed $8 60; refined lard steady. Eggs firm State and Pennsylvania 13¾@14c; Southern 11@12c Cheese irregular, fancy large white 10¼@10⅜ do. small white 11¼ Butter Market steady creamery 15@19c; State dairy 15@18½c Petroleum dull; refined New York $7 25; Philadelphia and Baltimore $7 20 do. in bulk $4 65 Peanuts quiet; fancy hand-picked 4¾@5c; other domestic 4¼@4¾c Cabbage steady; State $12 00@16 00 Cotton Pork firmer family $15 50@17 00; short clear $15 50@17 00; mess $15 00@16 00 Tallow steady. Rice slow Coffee—Spot Rio dull; No. 7 invoice 6¼c; mild dull; Cordova 8¼@12½c. Sugar—raw quoted strong; fair refining 3¾c; centrifugal, 96 test 4¼c. Freights to Liverpool—Cotton by steam 12c. Cotton seed oil declined again under liquidation and an absence of demand. Quotations: Prime crude barrels, nominal; prime summer yellow 33¼c; off summer yellow 32c; prime white 38½c; prime winter yellow 38c; prime meal $24 00.

CHICAGO, May 2.—May corn soared to 55c to-day and closed 4c over yesterday at 53½ July closed 1½c higher. Wheat was moderately active and firm on cables, the weather and in sympathy with the coarse grain, July closing ⅛@⅜c higher. July oats closed with an advance of 1½c. May gained 1½c. July pork closed 32½c up, lard and ribs practically unchanged.

CHICAGO, May 2.—Cash quotations: Flour—Market was moderate. Wheat—No. 2 spring —c; No. 3 spring 73c; No. 2 red 75@75½c. Corn—No. 2 53c; No. 2 yellow 52@54c. Oats—No. 2 29¼@29½c; No. 2 white 29½; No. 3 white 28@29c. Pork, per barrel, $15 15@15 20. Lard, per 100 lbs, $8 17½@8 20. Short rib sides, loose, $8 10@8 30. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, $6 87½@7 12½. Short clear sides, boxed $8 37½@8 50. Whiskey—Distillers' finished goods, per gallon, $1 27

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No. 2 May 73⅞, 74, 73, 73⅞@73⅝c; July 76⅛@76¾, 74⅛, 73⅞, 73⅞. Corn—No. 2 May 50@51, 55, 50, 53½; July 46@46¼, 47½, 46, 47@47½c; September 45¾ 46⅝, 45¾, 46½. Oats—No. 2 May 28⅞, 29½, 28½, 29⅜c; July 26⅜@26½, 27, 26⅜, 27c September 25⅞, 25⅝, 25½, 25c Pork, per bbl—May $15 00, 15 15, 15 00, 15 15; July $15 00, 15 32½, 15 00, 15 22½. Lard, per 100 lbs—May $8 17½, 8 17½, 8 12½, 8 12½; July $8 07½, 8 10, 8 05, 8 05; September $8 07½, 8 07½, 8 02½, 8 05. Short ribs, per 100 lbs—May $8 22½; July $8 00, 8 05, 7 97½, 8 00; September $7 97½, 8 00, 7 92½, 7 98.

FOREIGN MARKET

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, May 2, 4 P. M.—Cotton: Spot, moderate business; prices 1-32d lower; American middling fair 5d; good middling 4 11-16d; middling 4½d; low middling 4 5-16d; good ordinary 4 1 16d; ordinary 3 13 16d The sales of the day were 7,000 bales, of which 500 bales were for speculation and export and included 6,400 bales American. Receipts 19,000 bales, including 17,800 bales American

Futures opened quiet and closed steady; American middling (l. m. c.) May 4 24-64@4 25 64d seller; May and June 4 24 64@4 25 64d seller; June and July 4 25-64@4 26 64d seller; July and August 4 26 64d seller; August and September 4 20 64d seller; September 4 20 64d seller; October 4 5 64 @4 6-64d buyer; October and November 4 1 64@4 2 64d buyer; November and December 4d buyer.

MARINE.

CLEARED.

Schr Catawamteak, Brown, Port au Paix, Hayti, George Harriss, Son & Co.

MARINE DIRECTORY

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., May 3, 1901.

SCHOONERS.

Emily F Northam, 316 tons, Pennwell, George Harriss, Son & Co.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—1 cask spirits turpentine, 12 barrels crude turpentine.

W. C. & A. Railroad—91 bales cotton, 41 barrels tar, 16 barrels crude turpentine.

A. & Y. Railroad—10 casks spirits turpentine, 134 barrels rosin, 15 barrels tar.

C. C. Railroad—17 barrels crude turpentine.

Steamer C. M. Whitlock—10 casks spirits turpentine, 54 barrels rosin, 16 barrels tar, 6 barrels crude turpentine.

Schooner Carolyn—98 barrels rosin.

Schooner Leah—8 barrels tar.

Schooner Joseph—180 barrels rosin.

Total—Cotton, 91 bales; spirits turpentine, 21 casks; rosin, 466 barrels; tar, 80 barrels; crude turpentine, 51 barrels.

WE HAVE

Dried and Canned Fruits and Vegetables, Molasses,

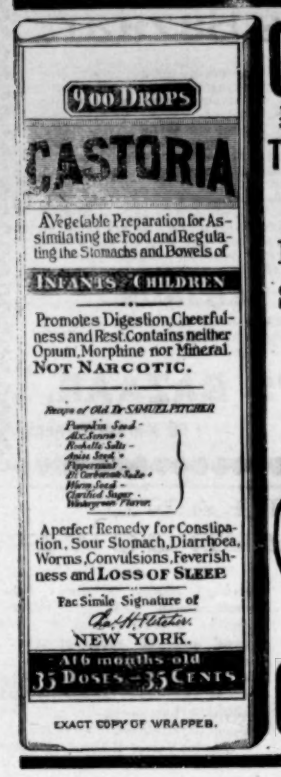
Syrup, Salt and Canned Fish and Meats.

All of which the Spring trade demands. We handle Pierce's Baskets, Truckers, a little higher than some others, but your stuff brings best prices in them. We have a few barrels Houlton Rose Potatoes left at reduced prices to close out.

HALL & PEARSALL,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

ap 3 tf Nutt and Mulberry



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For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.



All we ask is that you just try one of these

Buck Stoves and Ranges. If they do not please you better than any you have ever used, we will take same back without expense to you. We also have a full line of Buck Heating Stoves; and last but not least, the wonderful Comfort Heater. "Great Goods These."

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.,
Purcell Building, Wilmington, N. C.

nov 17 tf

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WILMINGTON, N. C.

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THE WILMINGTON SAVINGS & TRUST CO.

108 Princess Street.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. H. WALTERS, Vice President.
G. E. TAYLOR, Jr., Cashier.

my 9 tf

The Murchison National Bank,

Of Wilmington,

Guarantees to its patrons the very best service and security.

Depository for United States, State and City Funds

Deals in Foreign Exchange.

Business intrusted to us will receive careful and prompt attention.

H. C. McQUEEN, President. J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier.

apr 27 tf

If Your Trunk is in Need of Repairs Send it down to

Cowan's Livery Co.'s

HARNESS SHOP. TRUNK STRAPS.

ap 21 tf 108, 110, 112 North Second Street.

HOMEMADE DRESSES.

THE PROPER WAY TO CUT WAISTS AND SKIRTS.

Utensils Necessary For Successful Home Dressmaking—The Linings Should Be New—The Material Required.

[Copyright, 1901, by American Press Association.]

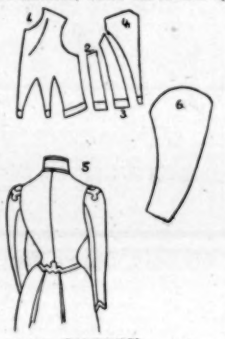
The home dressmaker must have the same utensils as the regular dressmaker if she would have the same success. No one can cut right without good scissors nor measure without a tapeline, nor can she make the seams look right without a heavy pressing iron. A low table to bring up in front of her and even over her knees in basting and laying of trimmings is necessary; also one of those funny little things more like half a barrel stave than anything intended for pressing sleeves and collars. The most of our home dressmakers have dress forms, made of tin covered with black cloth, and these are a great help, as they can be adjusted to each figure much as shoemakers make a last. This does away with much wearisome fitting, as the form takes the place of the woman for whom the dress is being made, and it can be stood on a low table and draped and finished without tiring the dressmaker.

To have a waist or skirt look just right all the linings must be new. It is a false economy to try to save by using an old lining, even if it does look strong. It is like putting new wine in old bottles.

For waists there is a pretty lining, white or light gray on one side and figured on the other. Also this comes with the outside black. Mercerized sateen is used now almost exclusively for skirts and sleeves, except where silk is preferred. But a cloth or other heavy woolen material wears so much longer than the taffetas that it is far better to use one of the cotton linings. Then one can have a silk petticoat which can be worn with all dresses. The mercerized linings have been brought to great perfection.

It requires one yard and three-fourths to make a tight waist of any goods 44 inches wide. Many of the wools are now produced in 60 inch widths. This is to allow of cutting skirts in three pieces.

In these days of excellent patterns, to be found in every village and city, it is not necessary to tell how to draft a waist lining, and so only reference will be made to the diagram in this column. It consists of four pieces—viz, front, side body, back and underarm piece. The line across the bottom shows where it may be shortened if necessary. All the seams can be made to fit by "taking them in," as the case may demand. All the fine silk separate waists have a tight lining, and all the seams are staid with featherbone casings. These are ready to sew to the seams and are covered with silk ribbon or cotton tape, according to the desire of the purchaser, but both have the same strength, only the silk is dearer. To apply this for a silk waist the seams should be fitted to the body, and all except the underarm seams sewed with the featherbone, which can be done by



WAIST MODEL.

the sewing machine, right through the center. This saves an incredible amount of difficult work, and the stays are thus as firm as the lining is flexible and never rip loose, like whalebones. When these are all done, the outside is to be put on. This may be tucked, shirred or simply gathered, leaving the finishing touches to be added after the rest is done, and this is in such cases accomplished with lace of some kind. The prettiest back for a silk waist is to have a very few gathers right in the center of the back at the waist line. The underarm piece is covered with the dress material or the stuff, whatever it may be, for the waist, and the four back pieces are sewed and boned, after which the silk is basted closely all around, save under the arms. The material is then cut and is made three inches wider than the lining at the bottom and one inch at the shoulders. This is then gathered at the center of the bottom of the back and basted down to the lining firmly.

The fronts are treated in the same way, only three inches should be allowed on each side. A fold one and a half inches deep is to be laid along the fronts at each side. The whole is to be basted together and gathers run in at the bottom of the waist and this basted firmly. If the waist is to be bloused, the bottom of the two fronts should be sloped down from nothing to three inches at the front. This is then brought up and basted to the lining. This has to be done on the lady or on her molded form.

The waist is now ready to sew up, and all the side seams are solidly done and boned. Some dressmakers put a line of the special featherbone around the bottom, as it holds it firmly and smoother than any amount of stitching could do. OLIVE HARPER.

Women and Eating.

Women are notoriously careless about their own food, writes "A Woman" in Philadelphia Ledger. One could wish that those who neglect their duty of properly and efficiently nourishing their own bodies would study the statistics of insanity and its increase among us. The old Latin proverb tells us that our aim should be to keep a sound mind in a sound body.

"Drink and hurry and worry send most of the men to an asylum," says a doctor, "while love affairs, combined with a lack of food, throw most of the women off their balance." The love affairs would have but little influence over them if they were properly fed, but among the illusions in which girls and women indulge is that, as they care very little about their food, so the lack of it cannot have much effect upon them. They rather despise men for being careful to have regular meals, whether business presses or not, and are inclined to vaunt their own superiority in such respects. But if this disregard of the natural instincts of hunger leads us in the same path as "drink and hurry and worry" lead men and if we are to be humiliated by hypersensitiveness in love affairs how pre-eminently does the male common sense stand out in the matter.

We do often exalt our weakness into something to be proud of. And if we go without lunch some day an avenging headache sweeps down and makes us irritable. Surely that is nothing to be proud of. Or if the men of the family are dining out the women have tea and toast and scrambled eggs and next morning wonder why they feel so limp and as if everything to be done were dreadfully troublesome and impossible.

ELECTRIC HERCULEX



FOR WEAK MEN AND WOMEN



A perfectly safe and natural invigorator. Superior in every way to all other remedies. Imparts to the weakened system a gentle soothing current of **GALVANIC ELECTRICITY,** the essential element of robust health and vigorous strength—making life worth living, and promoting longevity in strict accord with all the laws of Nature.

A marvel of modern therapeutic science, with a record of over **50,000 cures** extending throughout the world. The accepted and approved remedy of thinking men and women, particularly those whose experience has shown them the futility of drug treatment. Appeals to the common sense and reason of all who use it.

If You have Overtaxed Your System

through over-work, excess or exposure, family or business cares, **ELECTRIC HERCULEX** will build you up and restore you to a condition of health in an incredibly short time. If you suffer from Nervousness, Rheumatism, Kidney, Bladder or Liver Troubles, Indigestion, Constipation, Weak Back, etc., I am confident it will cure you if you are willing to do your part.

No inconvenience, no risk of injury, to stomach, as in drug treatment. No loss of time. Adjusted to the body and used while you rest or sleep, strengthening every vital centre and naturally refreshing the mental faculties. One application will give relief, and if treatment is continued for one or two months and simple directions followed a complete and permanent cure will follow.

MY "BOOK OF NATURE" FREE

To all who are interested. It gives valuable and interesting information (of 30 years' experience) concerning the natural laws of health—and their inseparable relation to and co-operation with Galvanic Electricity—which every man and woman sufferer should know. Sent in plain sealed envelope upon request.

DR. A. E. SANDEN,

826 Broadway - - - New York City

ALL ADVICE FREE.

Favorite Scepts of Royal Ladies.

It is said that the gracious sovereign of these realms has a very simple taste in perfumes, says Woman's Life of London. Her favorite one is said to be patchouli, which came into vogue with the introduction of Indian shawls. As a scent for linen her majesty favors the good, old fashioned, fragrant English lavender, which, indeed, has ever been popular with all classes in this country. It is said the Princess of Wales likes to be up to date in regard to perfumes and is always ready to give an impartial trial to any new kind that is placed upon the market.

The only European queen who is a sovereign in her own right, the youthful Wilhelmina of Holland, has great faith in the virtues of eau de cologne, of which she is said to use more than any other royal personage. She uses a quart of the liquid in her bath every morning, pouring it in with her own hands, after she has tested its quality over a lamp.

While one authority declares the young queen's favorite soap to be slightly scented English, another describes it as "heliotrope blanc." A small bottle of white rose scent is said to be added to her face wash three times a day.

The empress of Russia is extremely partial to perfumes, with a predilection for those of French manufacture. She has her apartments and the corridors leading thereto sprinkled with such scents as jonquil, jasmine, frangipani, orange, violet and various others.

In the czarina's opinion there is no soap to equal Savan extrafin a la peau d'Espagne. Her favorite skin beautifier is creme duchesse, but she uses eau de lavende regina in both her face wash and bath. The czar shares his fair consort's weakness for perfumes.

The favorite scent of the empress of Germany is new mown hay for personal use and eau de cologne for rooms. Spermaceti is her particular brand of soap, which she uses both for herself and her children, whose skins it keeps exceptionally free from pimples, blotches and other eruptions.

Too Hungry to Study.

A certain teacher who had studied a particular bad boy from every conceivable standpoint finally found the cause of his apparent wickedness. He had been especially annoying all day, and at the close of the school the teacher sat down by him and said: "John, what is the trouble, anyway? Why is it you find it so hard to behave in school?"

Poor John, in a burst of confidence, blurted out, "It's cos I'm so derned hungry!"

Then the teacher knew that John's reformation must begin in his stomach. —Exchange.

Prevented a Tragedy.

Timely information given Mrs. George Long, of New Straitsville, Ohio, prevented a dreadful tragedy and saved two lives. A frightful cough had long kept her awake every night. She had tried many remedies and doctors but steadily grew worse until urged to try Dr. King's New Discovery. One bottle wholly cured her, and she writes this marvelous medicine also cured Mr. Long of a severe attack of Pneumonia. Such cures are positive proof of the matchless merit of this grand remedy for curing all throat, chest and lung troubles. Only 50 cents and $1.00. Every bottle guaranteed. Trial bottles 10 cents at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. †

NOTICE.

FLOUR, all grades, barrels and bags.
SUGAR and COFFEE.
CAKES, CRACKERS, CHEESE and SARDINES.
CANDY, in baskets and boxes.
CANNED GOODS, such as TOMATOES, PEACHES, CORN, OYSTERS, SALMON, etc.
MULLETS and MULLET ROE.
PEANUTS, Va., N. C., and Spanish.
TOBACCOS Plug and Smoking.

For sale low by

Williams Bros.

feb 21 tf



produces the above result in 30 days. *Cures Nervous Debility, Impotency, Varicocele, Failing Memory.* Stops all drains and losses caused by errors of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Young Men regain Manhood and Old Men recover Youthful Vigor. It gives vigor and size to shrunken organs, and fits a man for business or marriage. Easily carried in the vest pocket. Price 50 CTS. 6 Boxes $2.50 by mail, in plain package. Large size, with written guarantee. DR. JEAN G'HARA, Paris

nov 13 1y R. R. BELLAMY, Agent.

Wilmington's Big Racket Store

Has made its name and place with and among the people.

We ask for your trade and we get it. We try to please and hope we succeed.

We promise low prices, full measure and polite attention.

We carry the largest stock of any store in the State. We have almost anything you can call for. We have just received this week a big line of new Dress Goods. A nice line of Dress Goods, Silk and Wool, with embroidered dot at 48c a yard. We have it in Pink, Blue, Cream and Black. A nice line of Lace Stripe Goods, new and nice styles assorted colors, at 25c a yard. A nice line of Mullhouse Organdie at 12½c, regular price is 25c a yard. Satin Stripe Wool Challie for 25c, worth 40c. A beautiful line of White India Linens, White Lawns, White Dimities, White Piques and White and Colored Bedford Cords. We have a nice line of India Linen from 5c to 25c a yard. Bedford Cords from 12½c to 18c. Large cord Pique, nice quality, at 18c a yard. A big line of very wide and fine white Organdie from 36 to 72 inches wide, price from 25 to 75c per yard. We have 125 pieces Silk, all prices, from 18c to $1.50 per yard.

We have a big line of Trunks—The nicest assortment ever been in the city—we have them from 50c to $18 each, with roller tray and extra shirt tray, heavy canvas covered, brass locks and brass trimmed, leather strapped and iron bottom, 36 inches long, for $9. We have better Trunks for $10, $12, $15 and $18 each. We have good canvas with straps from $3 to $5 each. Metal top Trunks with good locks at $1 each. Saratoga Tray Trunks, up to date, iron bottom, from $2 75 to $5.00. Packing Trunks 25c to $1.50 each.

We have 100 pairs of ladies fine shoes to sell for 75c a pair; 37 pairs of childrens' kid shoes with soft soles at 25c a pair. A warranted solid leather child's shoe for 50c a pair. A child's sewed solid leather shoe for 25c. A man's high cut Creedmore—solid leather for 98c a pair. Wolf Bro's. ladies fine shoes warranted solid leather for $1.25 a pair. Our "Vicious" shoe made by Edward Randall & Co., for $1 50 a pair as good as anybody's $2.00 shoe. Our new shoe, the "Lady Bartmons," for $2.50 a pair equal to $3.00 and $3.50 shoes. Our solid leather shoe in lace and congress for men at $1.00. Boy's shoes at $1.00.

In our clothing department, we have made great preparations to fit and suit everybody. We have boy's suits as low as 50c each. Well made 3 piece suits at $1.00. Good wool suits at $1 39, and up to date suits for $2 00. Blue serge suits at $2.50 and up to $3.75. Youth's suits, with long pants, guaranteed fast colors and well made at $2.50. In blue serge, all wool, at $4 50. Nice worsted suits at $5.00, and better suits up to $8.00. In men's clothing, we have nice all wool suits for $5 00 a suit. Nice blue serge suits for $5.00. Middlesex blue flannel suits at $5 50. Nice black all wool clay worsted suits for $7.50 and up to $10.50 a suit One hundred men's odd vests, all wool, nicely made for 75 cents and $1.00. Mens pants—We have everything from 50 cents to $5.00 a pair. A line of 1000 pairs to select from. We have all wool pants in Spring styles and very nobby at $1.25. Nice wool worsted pants at $2 00 and better pants at $3.75 and $4.00. Boys' odd pants from 18c to 75c a pair. We handle a big line of overall clothing—we are agents for Morriss & Co.'s union made overalls at 90c each, equal to the best. Good overalls with double front at 40c a pair. A good heavy jumper for 49 cents.

Boys' percale laundred shirts for 25c each. A big line of men's new underwear and laundred shirts from 25 to 50c each. Five hundred men's sample hats to sell at cost from 18c to $2.00. Fifty dozen men's and boys' straw hats from 10c to $1.00. Everything new and nobby. Spring roller window shades for 10 cents each and up to 25c.

We are agents for McCall's patterns at 10 and 15c each—good as any mads at any price Fashion sheets ready to give away. McCall's magazine of fashions for 50c a year with pattern free.

Wilmington's Big Racket Store,

208 and 210 North Front St., Near Postoffice and Depot.

GEO. O. GAYLORD, Prop.

ap 28 tf

FIRST PAT. FLOUR,

2ND PAT. FLOUR,
STRAIGHT FLOUR,

Sugar, Molasses,

Syrup, Corn, Oats, Meal, Grits, &c.,

In stock, not to arrive. Your orders very much appreciated.

Special attention paid to consignments.

S. P. McNAIR.

ap 19 tf

Try My Ice Cream.

Very Best $1.00 Per Gallon,

Chocolate and Vanilla.

Bananas, Apples,

Oranges, Pineapples

and fresh COCOANUTS.

J. W. PLUMMER, Jr.

Bell 'Phone 680. Inter-State 132.
ap 20 tf

THE LATEST AS TO NERVES AND STRENGTH

It is not muscle so much as the nerves back of muscle which show one's strength and power of endurance. And the study with able physicians of to-day is how to keep the nerves in perfect health and fitted for the strain of everyday living. Headache of every type, nerve weakness, dyspepsia, sleeplessness, languor, restlessness, nervous dyspepsia, muscular weakness, brain weariness, poor circulation,—a thousand different unpleasant feelings and symptoms are due to nerve waste and nerve weakness,—especially in women and children. But how can all this be prevented, one will ask? How can my broken-down constitution be repaired, and nerve strength and full, robust health be secured. Just two points to remember: Determine that you will grow strong in nerves and health, and decide to use at once that most famous nerve cure, **COCELIN**. It is delicious in taste, quick in action and makes the wearied nerves tingle with renewed strength and every function the stronger and faculty the brighter by its use. Druggists sell it.

50 cents: or sent by

The Carrollton Chemical Co., Baltimore, Md.

TO ANY ADDRESS ON RECEIPT OF MONEY.
WRITE US ABOUT IT. †

CAKE AND CAKES

That please the eye and taste good, are usually made of the purest materials and by expert bakers. We endeavor to demonstrate these facts in our bake shop by using none but the choicest materials, and employing men of thorough knowledge of the art and long, practical experience.

We make Lady Fingers, Macaroons, Fancy Cakes of various kinds, Angel, Pound and Raised Loaf cakes; Birthday, Anniversary and Wedding Cakes, plain or ornamented, in any design you wish.

We suggest that you send us a trial order.

Andrew Mavronichols,

119 Market street.

feb16 tf 705 North Fourth street.

Atlantic Coast Line R. R. Co.



Schedule In Effect April 8, 1901.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.05 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.58 A. M., Warsaw 11.15 A. M., Goldsboro 12.21 P M., Wilson 1.19 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.48 P. M. Tarboro 2.21 P. M., Weldon 4.32 P. M., Petersburg 6.30 P. M., Richmond 7.55 P. M., Norfolk 5.55 P. M., Washington 11.09 P. M. Baltimore 1.03 A. M., Philadelphia 3.50 A. M., New York 6.53 A. M., †Boston 3.00 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M. — No. 49—Passenger—Due Magnolia 5.30 P. M., Warsaw 6.43 P. M., Goldsboro 9.37 P. M., Wilson 10.30 P. M., †Tarboro 6.46 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.23 P. M., Weldon 1.39 A. M., †Norfolk 10.25 A. M., Petersburg 3.20 A. M., Richmond 4.00 A. M., Washington 7.01 A. M., Baltimore 8.30 A. M., Philadelphia 10.55 A. M., New York 1.06 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 3.25 P. M — No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.13 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. — No. 58—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.55 P. M., Chadbourn 5.30 P. M., Marion 6.40 P. M., Florence 7.25 P. M., Sumter 9 12 P. M., Columbia 10.35 P. M., Denmark 5.55 A. M., Augusta 7.55 A. M., Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M., Charleston 10.55 P. M., Savannah 2.45 A. M., Jacksonville 5.30 A. M., St. Augustine 11.10 A. M., Tampa 6.45 P. M.

WEST BOUND.

DAILY 9.00 A. M. — No. 53—Passenger—Due Fayetteville 12.05 P.M., leaves Fayetteville 12.25 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.42 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 6.00 P. M. — No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston †1.00 P. M., New York †2.25 P. M., Philadelphia 12.20 A. M., Baltimore 2.55 A. M., Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 8.05 A. M., Petersburg 9.48 A. M., Norfolk 5.00 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.21 P. M. Rocky Mount 12.52 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.30 P. M., Warsaw 4.29 P. M., Magnolia 4.55 P. M.

DAILY 9.25 A. M — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 8.55 A. M., Philadelphia 11.33 A. M., Baltimore 1.46 P. M., Washington 3.12 P. M., Richmond 5.37 P. M., Petersburg 7.45 P. M., †Norfolk 7.35 P. M., Weldon 9.10 P. M., †Tarboro 6.00 P. M., Rocky Mount 8.15 A. M. Leave Wilson 5.57 A. M., Goldsboro 6.45 A. M., Warsaw 7.38 A. M., Magnolia 7.51 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. — No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.05 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.25 P. M — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.50 A. M., Sanford 2.00 P. M., Jacksonville 8.00 P. M., Savannah 1.30 A. M., Charleston 6.40 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M. Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 4.30 P. M., Denmark 4.29 P. M. Columbia 6.40 A. M., Sumter 8.05 P. M., Florence 9.55 A. M., Marion 10.35 A. M. Chadbourn 11.41 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.12 P. M

EAST BOUND.

DAILY 7.25 P. M. — No. 52—Passenger—Leave Sanford 3.05 P. M., arrive Fayetteville 4.30 P. M., leave Fayetteville 4.50 P. M.

Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennetts ville 8.05 A. M Maxton 9.05 A. M., Red Springs 9.51 A. M., Parkton 10.41 A. M., arrive Fayetteville 11.10 A. M. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.48 P. M., Hope Mills 5.00 P. M., Red Springs 5.43 P. M., Maxton 6.16 P. M., arrives Bennettsville 7.15 P. M.

Connections at Fayetteville with No. 78, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Train between Rocky Mount and Richmond leaves Rocky Mount 7.15 A. M., arrive Weldon 8.17 A. M., arrive Petersburg 10 18 A. M., arrives Richmond 11.10 A. M.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 P. M., Halifax 4.17 P. M., arrive Scotland Neck 5.08 P. M., Greenville 6.57 P. M., Kinston 7.55 P. M. Returning, leave Kinston 7.50 A. M. Greenville 8.52 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.10 A. m. Weldon 11.39 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.10 A. M. and 3.30 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M.; arrives Washington 11 00 A. M and 7.30 P. M. Daily except Sunday

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 7.40 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.50 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 10.10 A. M. and 11.50 A. M.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, daily except Sunday, 5.00 A. M.; arriving Smithfield, N. C., 6.15 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 7.00 A. M.; arrives Goldsboro 8.35 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 2.30 P. M., 2.40 P. M.; arrive Nashville 10.20 A. M., 4.03 P. M., Spring Hope 11.00 A. M., 4.35 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.30 A. M. 4.55 P. M. Nashville 11.40 A. M.; 5.25 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 12.10 A. M. 6.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, daily, except Sunday, 11.40 A. M. and 4.25 P. M. Returning, leaves Clinton 6.45 A. M., and 2.50 P. M

Train leaves Pee Dee 10.13 A. M., arrive Latta 10.31 A. M., Dillon 10.42 A. M., Clowland 10.58 A. M. Returning, leave Rowland 6.06 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.28 P. M Latta 6.42 P. M., Pee Dee 7.06 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Chadbourn 11.50 A. M.; arrive Conway 1.30 P. M.; returning leave Conway 3.40 P. M. arrive Chadbourn 5.20 P M, leave Chadbourn 5.35 A. M.; arrive Elrod 8.10 A M., returning leave Elrod 8.40 P M, arrive Chadbourn 11.25 P M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Sumter 7.35 P. M., Manning 6.04 P. M.; arriv Lane's 6.43 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.05 A. M., Manning 8.47 A. M.; arrive Sumter 10.55 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 5.40 A. M., †7.00 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 10 A. M., †8.20 P. M.; leave Georgetown 6.30 A. M.; †4.15 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.00 A. M.; †5.35 P. M.

Trains leave Florence daily except Sunday at 9.50 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M., Hartsville 9.15 P. M., Cheraw 11.30 A. M., Wadesboro 12.35 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 3.00 P. M.; arrive Darlington 3.26 P. M., Bennettsville 9.32 P. M., Gibson 10.20 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 9.50 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 5.50 A. M. Bennettsville 7.00 A. M.; arrive Darlington 7.35 A. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M., arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 4.10 P. M., Cheraw 5.15 P. M., Hartsville 7.00 A. M., Darlington 8.29 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington Sunday only at 8.50 A. M., arrive Florence 9.15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.59 P. M., 10.40 P. M., arrive Selma 4.45 P. M. 11.18 P. M., Smithfield 3.02 P. M., Dunn 3.40 P. M. Fayetteville 4.35 P. M., 12 32 A. M., Rowland 6.06 P. M., returning leave Rowland 10.58 A. M., Fayetteville 12.20 P. M., 10.22 P. M., Dunn 1.04 P. M., Smithfield 1.43 P. M. Selma 1.50 P. M., 11.35 P. M., arrive Wilson 2.35 P. M. 12.15 A. M.

Trains leave Sumter 4.00 A. M., Creston 4.52 A. M., arrive Denmark 5.55 A. M. Returning, leave Denmark 4.35 P. M., Creston 5.34 P. M. Sumter 6.34 P. M. Daily.

Trains leave Elliott 7.30 P. M., and arrive Lucknow 9.55 P. M. Returning, leave Lucknow 7.30 A. M. arrive Elliott 9.30 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Elliott 10.35 A M, and arrive Lucknow 12.15 P M. Returning, leave Lucknow 1.10 P M. arrive Elliotts 3.50 P M. Daily except Sunday.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.

mar 26 tf

FLORIDA WEST INDIA SHORT LINE — VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

Between New York, Tampa, Atlanta, New Orleans & Points South & West.

Schedule in Effect Feb. 24th, 1901.

TRAIN 41 — Leaves Wilmington at 3:30 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:31 P. M., Pembroke 5:50 P. M., Maxton 6:15 P. M., Hamlet 7:30 P. M. Wadesboro 8:45 P. M., Monroe 9:45 P. M., Charlotte 10:45 P. M., Athens, Ga., 4:08 A. M., Atlanta 5:30 A. M.

Close connection at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans and all points in Texas, Mexico and California; also for Chattanooga, Nashville, Louisville, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Chicago, and Western and Northwestern points. Connects at Hamlet with train No. 27 for Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa and other Florida points; also with train 44 for Raleigh, Petersburg, Portsmouth and Norfolk, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore and New York. Other trains leave Hamlet as follows: Train No. 31 for Columbia and points South at 7:05 A. M. Train No. 403 for Monroe, Charlotte, Lincolnton, Shelby and Rutherfordton, Athens, Atlanta and all points southwest at 6:45 A. M. Train No. 98 for Raleigh, Norfolk and points North at 9:30 A. M. Train No. 66 for Raleigh, Richmond and points North at 9:30 A. M.

Through Pullman sleepers from Hamlet to all points North, South and Southwest.

TRAIN 38 — Leaves Hamlet at 6:20 A. M., arrives Maxton 9:05 A. M., Pembroke 9:31 A. M., Lumberton 9:53 A. M., Wilmington 12.05 noon. This train takes passengers at Hamlet from train No. 31 (Florida Limited) leaving Richmond at 10:40 P. M. and arriving at Hamlet at 6:45 A. M.; from train No. 403 leaving Norfolk at 9:00 P. M., arriving at Hamlet at 6:45 A. M.; from train No. 38 leaving Atlanta at 9:00 P. M. and Charlotte at 5:00 A. M., arriving at Hamlet at 7:50 A. M.

Other trains arrive at Hamlet as follows: Train 402 from Atlanta, Rutherfordton, Shelby, Lincolnton, Charlotte and Monroe at 9:20 P. M.; train No. 41 from Portsmouth at 8:05 P. M.; train No. 27 from Richmond and points North at 7.50 P. M.; train No. 44 from Columbia and points South at 9:00 P. M. and train No. 66 from Columbia and points South at 9 00 A. M.

For tickets, sleepers, etc., apply to Thos. D. Meares, General Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

R. E. L. BUNCH,
feb 26 tf General Passenger Agent.

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 16.



To Take Effect Sunday, Oct 21, 1900, at 12.01 A. M.

GOING EAST.			GOING WEST.	
2 Pass'g'r Trains			4 Pass'g'r Train	
Arrive	Leave		Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M	A. M.
.....	3 40	Goldsboro	11 05	.....
.....	4 32	Kinston	10 12	.....
6 40	5 50	Newbern	8 57	9 06
7 02	7 07	Morehead City	7 02	7 47
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.55 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

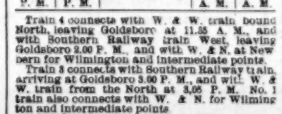
Train 3 connects with W. & W. train bound North, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

oct 23 tf S. L. DILL, SUP't.

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York,

Wilmington, N. C., and Georgetown, S. C., Lines.



From New York for Wilmington.

SAGINAW ..... Saturday, May 4
ONEIDA ..... Saturday, May 11

From Wilmington for New York.

ONEIDA ..... Saturday, May 4
SAGINAW ..... Saturday, May 11

From Wilmington for Georgetown.

ONEIDA ..... Tuesday, April 30
SAGINAW ..... Tuesday May 7

Steamship Oneida does not carry passengers.

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The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 3.

GERMAN COALING STATION.

U. S. Navy Department Watching Developments Near Margarita Island Off the Coast of Venezuela

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, May 2.—Although the matter never has figured before the State Department, the Navy Department has been closely watching the happenings near Margarita island, off the coast off Venezuela, which have given rise to the report that a German coaling station is to be established there. The facts have been reported to the department by some of the United States naval officers who commanded vessels which have cruised in those waters recently. Last year a German warship spent ten weeks in looking into the possibilities of Margarita island and this fact led to an examination on our own account, which developed the presence on this important strategic point of one of the finest harbors in South America, the possession of which would afford the United States, or any other nation with a navy, practical control of the Panama canal from the eastern side. Aside from this island, some of the best posted naval authorities hold that the Gulf of Cariaco, on the north coast of Venezeula, offers by far the most advantageous site for an American coaling station if one is to be located in that part of the world.

In view of the reported German surveys in that quarter, the naval authorities here are showing unusual interest in the points available for American use. The State Department never has been specifically directed to construe the Monroe doctrine so far as it mightrelate to the attempt by a European government to secure a coaling tation in the Gulf of Mexico or the Carribean sea.

UNION PACIFIC SITUATION.

Fight Going On Between Great Money Interests Over Establishment of Trans-Continental Systems.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 2.—Discussing the Union Pacific situation, the *Mail and Express* has the following:

"From the current tremendous market movements in Union Pacific and Atchison stocks—big advances occurring in each to day—it became clear that a fight is going on between great money interests over the establishment of trans continental systems.

"It now appears that this fight centers around the plans of Geo. J. Gould and E H. Harriman to establish a vast network of roads from the Atlantic to the Pacific ocean, and Wm. K. Vanderbilt and the Pennsylvania railroad people seeing what was up have made up their minds to frustrate them.

"With the Gould and Harriman people, on the one hand, are said to be Kuhn, Loeb & Co., who are identified with the Union Pacific management, while Mr. Morgan is believed to have lent his influence to the Vanderbilt and Pennsylvania forces.

"The Rockefellers, who are identified with Mr. Gould in the South western deal, are said to have stood aloof from the Union Pacific incident, and to have done nothing which could be criticised by Mr. Morgan, with whom they are associated in many affairs."

AFFAIRS IN THE PHILIPPINES.

Manila Commissary Frauds — Filipinos Surrendering—Town of Bantangas Attacked by Insurrectionists.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MANILA, May 2.—The evidence for the defence in the trial of Captain James C. Reed, ex depot commissary at Manila, charged with soliciting and receiving bribes and other official misconduct, was submitted to day. It is generally believed the court will find Reed guilty. It is again reported that Cailles will shortly surrender. The remnants of Tinio's army are surrendering.

BATANGAS, Island of Luzon, May 2—A score of insurrectionists fired into the town last night. No casualties were reported. The few outlaws remaining in the province have been nearly pacified. The commission has established a government at Sorzgon at the southern end of the island of Luzon and has appointed Captain J. G. Livingston of New York, and Captain E. W. Terry, of the Forty-seventh regiment, treasurer. The conditions at Sorsgon are regarded as admirable.

The commission touched at Marinduque yesterday and fulfilled the pledge that if the insurgents surrendered municipalities would be organized and separate provisional government established at Marinduque. Captain Brandholdt was a candidate for governor but a native was appointed.

NEGROES KILLED.

Supposed to Have Been Implicated in the Murder of a Deputy Sheriff

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SELMA, ALA., May 2.—Three negroes were found dead this morning near the cabin in which Deputy Sheriff Edwards was killed Sunday night, ten miles south of Selma. Ed. Dawson, a nephew of Henry Dawson, in whose house Edwards was killed, was found dead in the public road, vehicles having to drive out of the road to pass. The other two men were shot in the cabin. They are supposed to have been implicated in the murder of Edwards. The negroes are terrorized, and are fleeing to the city.

The directors of the Norfolk and Western railroad have declared a dividend of one per cent. on the common stock, which is the first payment made.

It Saved His Leg.

P. A. Danforth, of LaGrange, Ga., suffered intensely for six months with a frightful running sore on his leg, but writes that Bucklen's Arnica Salve wholly cured it in ten days. For Ulcers, Wounds, Burns, Boils, Pain or Piles it's the best salve in the world. Cure guaranteed. Only 25 cents. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

GENERAL RISINGS ARE THREATENED.

Reports of Secret Combinations of Disaffected Elements Among the Chinese.

IN THE YANGTSE PROVINCES.

Nankin Viceroy Asks the British Consul to Hold Troops in Readiness to Preserve Order—Count Waldersee and the Legations.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, May 3.—"The reports of the secret combination of disaffected elements in the Yangtse provinces for the purpose of organizing general risings are receiving some confirmation," says the Shanghai correspondent of the *Morning Post*.

"The British consul at Nankin telegraphs Mr. Brennan, the British consul at Shanghai, that the Nankin viceroy is very anxious about the Yangtse movement, and he asks Mr. Brennan to assist the Tao Tai to preserve order by holding troops in readiness.

"It is announced from a German source that the French have withdrawn their troops from Hawai Lu to Pao Ting Fu, thus leaving the Germans in sole possession of all the passes into Shanghai."

Indemnity Committee's Report.

PEKIN, May 2.—At a meeting of the ministers yesterday the report of the indemnity committee was read. Regarding the resources of China the report was very voluminous. It was practically a repetition of Jameson's well known pamphlet upon the subject Sir Robert Hart offered suggestions similar to those already credited to him. It is claimed that the revenues from all available sources will not allow China to pay the indemnity unless assistance is rendered. The next meeting will be held next Tuesday. The subject of Count von Waldersee's letter will then be taken up, and a reply to it will then be drafted.

The ministers personally object to the tone of the letter. They claim that they know what they want without being told. They particularly object to any of the legation guards being under any authority except that of the ministers themselves.

WASHINGTON, May 2.—It is believed here that the hitch which is said to have arisen at Pekin over the proposition to increase the Chinese customs duties to meet the indemnities demanded by the foreign Powers is caused by the broaching by Mr. Rockhill of his plan for the abolition of the Likin duties, and his acquiescence for the customs increase. The United States government has in the past admitted a readiness to permit the Chinese to increase the customs rates, providing there was no discrimination between the Powers. Minister Wu says that the present 5 per cent. is totally inadequate to provide a sinking fund for a new loan.

Battle Near Mukden.

BERLIN, May 2.—A dispatch from Pekin, dated May 1st, to the *Kolnische Zeitung*, says that a bloody battle has occurred between Russians and Chinese near Mukden. The Russians lost sixty in killed and wounded. Four Russian officers were killed, and among the wounded was General Zerpitki.

Discussed in Washington.

WASHINGTON, May 2.—The German and French ambassadors and Mr. Rogestvensky, for the Russian ambassador, were among to-day's callers on Dr. Hill, acting secretary of State. The discussion was almost entirely on Chinese affairs, the press dispatches as to an agreement on $273,000,000 indemnity, and on a change of custom duties having excited considerable interest in official and diplomatic quarters. None of the callers was able to confirm the reports, but the opinion was general that an agreement on indemnity has been reached. The prevailing view was that $273,000,000 represented a compromise between the minimum amount urged by the U. S., and the maximum urged by other Powers. The original total of claims amounted to half a billion dollars, so that the present total represents a scaling down of about 40 per cent. At this rate, the claims of the United States, which originally was about $25,000,000, would be cut to about $18,000,000.

Referred to Home Governments.

LONDON, May 3.—Dr. Morrison, wiring to the *Times* from Pekin, Wednesday, says:

"The indemnity committee favors a loan raised on the guarantee of all the Powers. Its proposal to increase the maritime customs to five per cent. ad valorem applies to import duties only, and not export. All the ministers of the Powers, except the British, American and Japanese, favor an immediate increase to ten per cent. The report, which is based on somewhat imperfectly understood data, has been referred to the home governments."

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 2.—The Turkish mission, under Ever Pasha, composed of military officers and clergy, charged with the establishment of relations between Turks and the Chinese mussulmans, embarked yesterday. The delay in the departure of the mission was due to Russian opposition. The scheme is favored by Germany.

PRECAUTIONS TAKEN.

To Prevent Spread of Typhus Fever From Mexico to This Country.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, May 2.—Extra precautions are being taken to prevent the spread of typhus fever from Mexico into this country, according to a statement made to the Associated Press today by Surgeon General Wyman, of the Marine Hospital Service. General Wyman said that telegrams had been sent to the medical inspectors of his department stationed at the three principal crossings between Mexico and the United States, namely, El Paso, Eagle Pass and Laredo, Texas, calling special attention to the presence of typhus in the City of Mexico. Surgeon General Wyman stated that these officers have been regularly inspecting every train crossing the frontier.

BUBONIC PLAGUE.

Official Report of Number of Deaths and Cases in Cape Colony.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, May 2.—Sir Walter F. Holy-Hutchison, the Governor of Cape Colony, has wired the colonial secretary, Mr. Chamberlain, that the total deaths due to the bubonic plague, up to April 27, are 217. This number includes forty one Europeans. If the reported cases at Mafekin that have the symptoms of the plague are embodied, the total number of cases would be 519, these including 135 Europeans.

GREAT BRITAIN'S COAL TAX.

Debate in the House of Commons On the Proposed New Export Duty Liberal Opposition.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, May 2.—There was a large attendance in the House of Commons to-day in anticipation of the discussion of the new export tariff on coal. The government issued an urgent "whip" to the Unionist members, who are largely pledged to vote against the tax. The government took strong precautions to secure a majority.

The full house and galleries had to wait until nearly six o'clock for the beginning of the debate. Sir William Vernon Harcourt (Liberal) led with a severe, almost violent arraignment of the government. He said the tax would throw the coal trade into chaos and confusion. It recklessly disregarded existing contracts, and was a most unbusinesslike way of dealing with a great trade. It was an extraordinary and vexatious piece of bungling. It was nonsense to say that the foreigner would pay the tax because he could not do without coal. The government of Italy had answered that plea by taking coal from America instead of this country. The trade of France was equally divided between this country, Germany and Belgium.

The chancellor of the exchequer, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, interrupting, said: "We are beating the others."

"Then go on beating them," said Sir William Vernon Harcourt; "why throw a shilling into the scale against this country?"

Sir William contended that it was class legislation and that the tax would ultimately come out of the miners' wages.

The chancellor of the exchequer admitted that the tax, like every tax, was an obstruction to trade. The real question was, could the export trade in coal bear the tax? It could. English coal was of so good a quality, there was much of it, and it could not be got in any other country. Thus to a large extent it was free from competition.

John Redmond, the Nationalist leader, said the coal tax did not affect Ireland, and in that respect it was the beginning of a new era. On general principles, however, he urged Irish members to do everything possible in their efforts to defeat the budget.

The debate was adjourned to Monday next, when, according to the arrangement, a division will be taken.

MYSTERIOUS DISAPPEARANCE

Wm. Rosenfield Believed to Have Drowned His Four Children and Himself in the Mississippi River.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ST. PAUL, MINN., May 2.—A partial confirmation of the police suspicion that William Rosenfield drowned his four children and himself one week ago in the Mississippi river, was obtained to-day, when the body of the nine-year-old Rosenfield boy was taken from the river near Fort Snelling.

Rosenfield is alleged to have abducted the children, who were in the custody of their mother at Minneapolis, secured a rig and drove with them to the river, where all are supposed to have been drowned. The father is supposed to have committed suicide by throwing himself over the bridge. Their disappearance one week ago last night was an unsolved mystery until a watchman found the body of a boy floating in the Mississippi.

Rosenfield had for some time been separated from his wife, who has been living in Minneapolis, while Rosenfield lived in St. Paul. A week ago he hired a carriage and got his children from the relatives who were keeping them. He tried to prevail on his wife to accompany them, but she refused. The next morning the horse was found near the Marshall avenue bridge, all trace of the occupants of the carriage having disappeared until to day.

PAN-AMERICAN EXPOSITION.

Question of Keeping Gates Open On Sunday Still Unsettled.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BUFFALO, N. Y., May 2—When the board of directors of the Pan-American Exposition, after weeks of discussion, finally decided to throw the exposition gates open on Sunday between the hours of 1 P. M. and 11 P. M., closing all the Midway attractions for twenty four hours, it was thought that this question had been disposed of. The committee of ministers and others who so bitterly opposed Sunday opening of the fair are not disposed to let the matter drop, however, as is intimated by the appointment of a sub-committee yesterday to investigate what legal steps, if any, could be taken to close the gates on the Sabbath. To-day another factor in the situation developed. It is said that the Midway concessionaries will make a formal request during the next few days that they be allowed to keep open their shows on Sunday. They claim that, according to a clause in their contracts with the exposition company, the company must allow them to run every day that the exposition gates are open.

WIFE MURDERER.

R. F. Armstrong, a Jacksonville, Florida, Grocery Merchant.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

JACKSONVILLE, FLA., May 2.—F. R. Armstrong, a well known grocery merchant here, shot his wife four times at 8 o'clock to night. The shooting took place in front of the residence of the victim's mother. She will die. When Armstrong fired the shot his wife fell forward on her face. He then fired three shots into her prostrated body. Armstrong's wife went to the home of her mother three weeks ago. He visited her this afternoon and again to-night, when she had gone to church. He waited for her and shot her before she got inside the gate. Armstrong was arrested immediately.

KANSAS POLITICS.

Result of Mrs. Nation's Crusade Against the Saloons in Topeka.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

TOPEKA, KAS., May 2.—Mrs. Nation's crusade against the saloons has resulted in a movement to purify Kansas politics, which promises to be more far reaching than anything of the kind ever before attempted in the Sunflower State. A permanent organization of the grand chapter of the Law Enforcement League of Kansas has been effected, whose object is to purify the the politics of the State and to promote its interests. The league is to be thoroughly organized by the establishment in every city, town or hamlet in the State of a local chapter. The league is the outgrowth of the stirring scene in Topeka, incident to Mrs. Nation's saloon smasking.

SPENDS THE DAY IN NEW ORLEANS.

President McKinley and His Party Entertained by the Crescent City.

RUN UP AND DOWN THE RIVER

A Talk to the Negroes at the Southern University—Drive Through the City. A Visit to the Supreme Court. A National Salute.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW ORLEANS, May 2.—President McKinley, accompanied by Governor Heard and Mayor Capedeville, and escorted by a mounted detachment of police and the Louisiana cavalry troop, left the St. Charles hotel at 9.20, after breakfasting in his apartments with Mrs. McKinley, and proceeded to the Southern University, a colored institution. He was enthusiastically received by the faculty and students. The weather to-day is clear and warm. As the President entered the grounds of the university he was welcomed with "Hail to the Chief," sung by a chorus of 1,000 school children and accompanied by the student orchestra. Brief addresses were made by George Alexis and Ernestine M. Theophile, bright pupils of the school. The President made a felicitous response, in which he said to the negro children:

"I am glad to know that all over the South, where most of you dwell, the States have provided institutions of learning where every boy and girl can prepare themselves for usefulness and honor under the government in which they live. The thing to day is to be practical. What you want is to get education, and with it you want good character, and with these you want unfaltering industry, and if you have these things you will have success anywhere and everywhere. God bless you."

Five thousand negroes attended the reception, among them the leading local members of the race.

From the Southern University the President was driven to the historic Cabindo, facing Jackson Square, where a multitude of people had gathered. It was within the Cabindo in the row now occupied by the State Supreme Court that the transfer was made of the Louisiana territory by France to Governor Claiborne, the American commissioner of President Jefferson.

The President was received to day by Governor Heard, the State officials and the members of the State Supreme Court, promptly at noon, and was escorted to a seat on the right of Chief Justice Nichols. President A. O. Fortier, of the Louisiana Historical Association, was recognized by the chief justice and delivered an address on the historical associations of the Cabindo. The President made a brief reply, and an official record was made of the minutes of the visit of Mr. McKinley to the court. Afterward the President spoke briefly from the balcony to an immense assemblage in the streets.

A national salute brought the ceremonies to a close. President McKinley and his cabinet made their way with difficulty through the acres of people surrounding the Cabindo on their way back to their hotel. They drove through throngs of cheering people and the President's face was wreathed in smiles as he acknowledged the unceasing demonstrations in his honor. After lunch and a short rest, the party including many of the ladies was driven to the head of Canal street, where they boarded the big river steamer City of St. Louis. On its run up and down the river as far as the scene of the battle of New Orleans the President's boat was accompanied by a score of gaily decorated tugs and other craft, whose steam whistles found little rest. The levee on either side was lined with people. The party is expected to return at 5 o'clock and board the train at 6 o'clock.

M'LAURIN'S POLITICAL FLOP.

Mr. Bryan Thinks It Marks the Beginning of a Movement in the South—Takes the Senator to Task.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LINCOLN, NEB., May 2.—In a statement made to day, William J. Bryan takes Senator McLaurin, of South Carolina, to task for what he declares is his political flop At the same time Mr. Bryan admits that Senator McLaurin's action marks the beginning of a movement in the South which will have an influence upon the politics of the nation. He says:

"It is not likely that Mr. McLaurin will be the leader of the movement, because he is handicapped by the fact that he is using his official position to misrepresent the views and interests of his constituents; but some leader will arise to give direction and force to the aristocratic and plutocratic element for which McLaurin speaks. There is such an element in every community, and now that the race question no longer unifies the white people of the Southern States, it will doubtless manifest itself.

"Senator Tillman has already taken up the gage of batile thrown down by Senator McLaurin, and will doubtless be able to marshal a considerable majority in that State, but the same influences are at work in other States, where there is greater danger of success.

"The Democratic sentiment is strong enough to resist and overcome the McLaurin movement, but those who believe that the man is more important than the dollar, will have to bestir themselves."

THE CUP DEFENDER.

Measurements and Description of the Constitution to be Launched Monday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 2.—The *Commercial Advertiser* says:

"The following measurements and description of the new Herreshoff cup defender—the Constitution—which is to be launched next Monday night, are from an authoritative source. The Constitution, it is learned, is of the same over-all length as the Columbia—132 feet—and also of the same length on the water line—87 feet and seven inches.

"There is little difference in the draught, the Columbia drawing 19 feet 7 inches and the Constitution a little less. The Constitution, however, is wider in the midship section by a foot and a half than the Columbia. This will be greatly to the advantage of the new boat when she is hauled over.

As a result of a national conference of window glass interests held in Indianapolis it was decided to close down nearly all factories in the United States on May 11th, and to give all employes an advance in wages of 15 per cent.

WARM WIRELETS

A dispatch from Sandiago de Chili says a brilliant comet was seen after sunset yesterday evening in the western sky.

Booker Washington has been placed at the head of the negro department of the South Carolina Interstate and West Indian Exposition.

The sale of a seat is rumored on the New York Stock Exchange for $70,000, compared with the previous highest authentic record of $66,000.

The launching of three torpedo boats now being built by the Maryland Steel Company, at Baltimore, is to be a feature of Decoration day at that place.

The Secretary of the Treasury yesterday purchased $150,000 short term 4 per cent. bonds at $113.61, and $125,000 short fours as of April 29th, at $113.5953.

Admiral Farquhar, who has been in command of the North Atlantic squadron for the last year, has entered upon his new duties as president of the lighthouse board.

The torpedo boat Barney, built at Bath, Me., on her preliminary trial trip yesterday afternoon made 29.3 knots, the contract requirement being but 28 knots per hour.

Secretary Root has determined that there shall be rigid economy in army expenditures in the future and has directed all officers to be careful in making and authorizing requisitions.

A dispatch from Berlin says that seeing the German canal bill is certain of rejection and that the Prussian Diet will be closed to-day, the imperial chancellor, Count von Buelow, will form a new ministry.

A dynamite explosion occurred at Oates' camp on the Ashville and Nashville railroad extension from Monterey, Tenn., to Laurel Creek, resulting in the death of two men and severe injury to several others.

Pietro Mescangi, the Italian composer, has signed a contract for a tour of the United States. He will start October 15th and take with him an orchestra of eighty members. His personal stipend will be £2,000 a week for eight weeks.

A dispatch from St. Petersburg announces that Russia has virtually arranged with France for loans amounting to 500,000,000 francs, and that another Russian loan is being negotiated with English and American bankers in London.

The United Steamship Company, of Copenhagen, has ordered six new steamers, of 12,000 tons each, for the United States trade. On account of the increase in American exports it has been decided to open a regular line to Boston and increase the number of steamers on the New York and New Orleans routes.

UNION MACHINISTS.

Convention at Knoxville Closed Its Session—Officers Elected.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

KNOXVILLE, May 2.—A convention of Southern Railway Union Machinists closed its session here to day. The following officers were chosen: President, B. F. Henry, of Knoxville; Vice President, William Robinson, of Atlanta; Secretary-Treasurer, William Spedden, of Salisbury, N. C.

Knoxville, Tenn., was selected as headquarters for the South of the International Association of Machinists.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

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For Sale—Twelve acres best trucking or berry land in the State, located one hundred yards from Rocky Point Depot. Address P, STAR office. my 2 2t*

Cut Prices on Gipsy, Hammer, J. Q. S., Tailor Made, Pigeon, Legal Tender, Ripe Apple, Bouquet Tobaccos, Best Porto Rico Molasses, Pali Candies, Toilet Soaps, Drugs, Extracts, Paper Sacks and Twine. Steamer for Fayetteville Mondays and Thursdays Call or write T. D. Love, P. O. Box 345. my 2 1t

Pianos, Organs! Pianos, Organs!—There are 5,793 houses in Wilmington—all happy homes—but would be more happy still with one of our beautiful new up-to-date Pianos or Organs in each. We want to place one with you all—each and every one. The Old Reliable Ludden & Bates' Southern Music House has for thirty-five years held its own against all competitors. Every instrument what it is claimed to be, and to be sold now at the close of the season at most remarkable prices and upon the easiest terms. No reason why every one cannot have the use of a fine instrument—paid for before you know it. Our Pianos and Organs are built to stand the climate—many others are not. Some sing their own praise—ours are sung by over 70,000 satisfied customers throughout Dixie. Our own factory, in New Haven, Conn., makes the Pianos—we sell them to you—one profit. We challenge any one to refute this statement. Ludden & Bates' Southern Music House, 130 Market street. ap 30 tf

Berkshire Pigs and Brown Leghorn Chickens. The best of their breed. For sale L. L. seller, city. ap 4 tf

Job Lot—Smoking and Plug Tobaccos; cheapest on the market. Full line heavy and fancy Groceries. 5,000 pounds clean Beeswax wanted at once. We buy Produce and sell Groceries. T. D. Love, 114 North Water street. mar 24 tf

The Very finest Fish, Oysters, Game and Country Produce for sale daily. Jno. B. Harries, Front Street Market. Bell 'Phone 438. mar 1 tf

I Have Opened a full line of Groceries and fancy Wines and Liquors at No. 5 South Second street, and wish the patronage of those in need of anything in my line. Dan Benton & Co. feb 9 tf

Buggies, Farm and Delivery Wagons, Carts, Drays, Harness of all grades, Whips, Lap Robes, Blankets and Storm Covers at very low prices. Repairing of all kinds done. Black smith and Harness shops Third street, opposite Court House. P. H. Hayden. dec 30 tf

Piano and Organ Tuning and Repairing by people who know their business. The price may be a trifle more, but we guarantee satisfaction. Thirty-five years' experience in the business. Ludden & Bates', S. M. H., 109 Market street; Bell 'Phone 509. oct 27 tf

Land for sale—We have desirable tracts of land for sale in counties of Robeson, Bladen, Pender, Columbus, N. C., and Horry and Marion, S. C. The Worth Co. oct 25 tf

Choice Timothy Hay, Clover Hay, Straw, fresh ground Meal, Pearl Hominy, Flour, Grain and everything in the Feed line for horses, cows and chickens. John S. McEachern Sons, 211 Market street. Telephones No. 92. jy 8 tf

Apples, Peaches and Honey—I am receiving daily Apples, Peaches, Butter, Chickens, Eggs, Bananas, Lemons, Oranges, etc. Also, a nice lot of Block Honey now on hand. Persons wishing to buy or ship anything of the kind will do well to see or write me. A. S. Winstead, Commission Merchant, 113 and 115 North Second street, Wilmington, N. C. jy 1 tf

Old Newspapers for sale by the hundred at the STAR Office. Excellent for underlaying carpets, or for wrapping paper. oct 9 tf

OLD NEWSPAPERS.

You Can Buy Old Newspapers in Quantities to Suit, at the STAR OFFICE

Suitable for Wrapping Paper and Excellent for Placing Under Carpet



An Excellent Combination.

The pleasant method and beneficial effects of the well known remedy, SYRUP OF FIGS, manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO., illustrate the value of obtaining the liquid laxative principles of plants known to be medicinally laxative and presenting them in the form most refreshing to the taste and acceptable to the system. It is the one perfect strengthening laxative, cleansing the system effectually, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers gently yet promptly and enabling one to overcome habitual constipation permanently. Its perfect freedom from every objectionable quality and substance, and its acting on the kidneys, liver and bowels, without weakening or irritating them, make it the ideal laxative.

In the process of manufacturing figs are used, as they are pleasant to the taste, but the medicinal qualities of the remedy are obtained from senna and other aromatic plants, by a method known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only. In order to get its beneficial effects and to avoid imitations, please remember the full name of the Company printed on the front of every package.

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For sale by all Druggists.—Price 50c. per bottle.

More Salt

WE CAN SUPPLY YOUR NEEDS, 10,000 SACKS.

SEED POTATOES

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Seed Oats, Seed Rye.

Fertilizers

of all makes and grades.

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The Worth Co.

feb 26 tf



IT TAKES THE WORLD

To beat our prices on Buggies and Harness. My entire stock of Buggies and Road Carts will be sold during the month of May at COST to make room for a new lot to arrive June 1st. A few good Horses very cheap this week.

F. T. MILLS,

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50 Bbls. Large Mullets.

50 Barrels Medium Mullets,
100 Bags Green Coffee
1 Car A1 Straight Flour.
200 Boxes Damaged Tobacco.
200 Boxes Sound Tobacco
25,000 Cigars, retail at 5c.
20,000 Cigars, retail 2 for 5c.
40,000 Cheroots.
100 Boxes Soap.
100 Cases Lye.
50 Cases Oysters.
100 Cases Pie Peaches.
25 Cases Table Peaches.
50 Packets Rice.
25 Barrels Cider.
50 Barrels Vinegar.

These Goods for sale at prices to suit the times.

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apr 5 tf Wilmington, N. C.

DRIED APPLES.

We have about seventeen hundred pounds of nice Dried Apples. Send us your orders. Also

2,000 Kegs Nails.
300,000 Pounds Hoop Iron.
50 Barrels Glue.
10 Barrels Bungs.
250 Bags Grits.
300 Bags Meal.
1,500 Bags Corn.

Send us your orders.

D. L. CORE CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

ap 30 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Look Here.

Fresh and Fine Saratoga Chips,

Something you have been asking for. Burnham's Extract Beef Wine and Iron. Extra quality of Corned Beef, Spiced Pickles, Stuffed Mangoes, Red Admiral Beans. Have you tried them? If not, you have missed a treat, sure—melt in your mouth.

For the best Butter—Fox River, Clover Hill

For the Finest Flour—"MYSTERY."

CALL

S. W. SANDERS.

At The Unlucky Corner, or Brooklyn Branch. apr 7 tf

UP TO DATE.

Guion & Davis have a well equipped Barber Shop. They have no "accomplished tonsorial artists;" but they have four first-class barbers who, with razors keen as a Damascus blade, never fail to please the most fastidious. Our bootblacks can give you a "shine" that almost equals that of The Morning Star. "Brush the gentleman from head to foot."

"Next."

ap 28 tf DAVIS & GUION, 7 South Front St.

To Housekeepers.

Our Cakes are made the same as you make them at home; so save yourself the trouble and

Buy them for Easter at

WARREN'S STEAM BAKERY AND CAFE,

apr 5 tf 22 North Front street.

Taylor's Bazaar.

Fashion says flowers, so flowers are the key note to Millinery this season, with roses and foliage as leaders. Our great Millinery Department is like a Summer garden all a bloom. Flowers every where. Thousands of sprays, wreaths and montreres, and this is the way you can buy them.

At 20c spray of Roses, worth 50c A spray of foliage, the most stylish garniture of the season for 20c, real value 50c

Our trimmed and untrimmed Hats are selling at equally low prices.

Style, comfort and fit are supreme in the F. C. Corset—newest straight front There would be nothing unusual in finding those features in a $3 (or higher) Corset. But to get them to absolute perfection in corsets that cost but 50c, 75c and $1 is a novel experience. We chose this corset as our leader in the face of many other rival brands.

SPRING VEILINGS.

A new lot of Spring Veilings, plain and dotted, black and white, and Silk Chiffon Veiling in all colors. Complexion Veils and new double net effects at low prices, at

TAYLOR'S BAZAAR,

118 Market Street.

ap 23 tf

FOR SPRING AND SUMMER GOWNS



We have a tasteful and highly attractive display of Dress Goods, multi colored and multi patterned enough to suit a variety of inclinations, and the range of prices is equally extensive. From Calicoes at 5c a yard to Silks at $1.39 a yard conveys an idea of the opportunity we afford for purchasing desirable Dress Goods at fair—even low—prices.

New lot Velvet Ribbons, all widths, at 15c per bunch of 10 yards and upwards.

Nice assortment of Applique Trimmings and Lace Collars at special prices.

10c Percales, new styles, 7½c yard.

We are showing an elegant stock of Men's, Boys' and Children's Clothing in the latest weaves at prices bound to please you.

Many new things in our Millinery Department.

J. H. REHDER & CO.,

Car fare paid on purchases of $2.00. Bell Phone 118. Inter State 218.

apr 28 tf

Durham Telephone Manufacturing Co.,

DURHAM, N C

Mauufacturers of High Grade Telephones AND TELEPHONE EQUIPMENT.

The Telephone Trade is becoming every day more educated to the fact, that the very best 'Phones only, will pay in the long run.

We make a grade of Telephones that never disappoint, because we exercise great care and use superior judgment and the very best material.

We construct the most superior Switchboard upon the market, simple in construction and rapidly operated.

We solicit the patronage of purchasers who are looking for apparatus in which every detail in construction has been perfected, and in which design, workmanship and speaking qualities are of the highest grade.

OUR TERMS: We sell our TELEPHONES with an ABSOLUTE GUARANTEE that they are as GOOD AS THE BEST.

We FURTHER GUARANTEE that our prices are as LOW AS THE LOWEST, for TELEPHONES of equal merit.

When in need of TELEPHONES please write us, and we will take pleasure in sending you a sample TELEPHONE EXPRESS CHARGES PREPAID for your inspection.

We are fully satisfied that we can please you, both in style and price, if you will give us the opportunity.

Trusting that we may be favored with your orders, we beg to remain

Very truly yours,

DURHAM TELEPHONE MANUFACTURING CO.,

feb 8 tf DURHAM, N C.

LOW SHOES

Attlow prices for the best and prettiest styles in Slippers, Sandals and Oxfords—from Wee Baby to Grandpa. See us for your SUMMER SHOES.



GEO. R. FRENCH & SON.

ap 21 tf

OXFORDS FOR MEN.



Patent Leather,
Patent Kid,
Vici Kid,
Box Calf
Tan—Black

SOLOMON'S SHOE STORE.

apr 14 tf

The Atlantic National Bank, of Wilmington, N. C. } J. W. NORWOOD, President. ANDREW MORELAND, Cash.

Resources - - $1,500,000

guarantees security to its patrons.

Depository for United States, State and City funds.

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ap 21 tf

SEASONABLE GOODS.

MULLETS, new catch.
Best Cream Cheese,
Martin's Gilt Edge Butter,
Bagging and Ties.
SALT.

A GENERAL LINE OF CASE GOODS IN DEMAND AT THIS SEASON.

Sole agents for

ROB ROY FLOUR.

McNAIR & PEARSALL.

D. O'CONNOR,

Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C.



DWELLINGS, STORES AND OFFICES FOR RENT.

Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, Taxes and Insurance attended to promptly. Money loaned on improved property. nov 1 tf

SPIRIT CASKS.

200 New Spirit Casks at $1.40.
55 Bbls. 1-in. Hoop Iron.
87 Bbls. 1 1-2-in. Hoop Iron.
47 Bbls. 1 3-4-in. Hoop Iron.
11 Bbls. Glue.
100 Bundles Rivets.
574 Kegs Nails.
1100 Bbls. Half Patent Flour.
145 Bbls. Best Patent Flour.

21 Cream Cheese, 57 barrels Sugar, 40 bags Sugar.

W. B. COOPER,

Wholesale Grocer,

306, 310, 312 Nutt street, Wilmington, N.

ap 30 tf

To Our Patrons!

While our business has been temporarily suspended by reason of the damage incurred by fire, we are making every effort to get the business in good shape, and we are again ready to serve you, as heretofore, to the best of our ability.

Our temporary quarters will be next door to the old stand.

Bargains in Soap, Perfumery, Brushes, Combs and many other Toilet articles.

J. H. HARDIN.

Both 'Phones, No. 35 ap 19 tf